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ANALYSIS MODEL (EMADAM)

TECHNICAL REPORT

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AARON K. DEWISPELARE

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THE EXTENDED MULTI-ATTRIBUTE DECISION ANALYSIS MODEL (EMADAM)

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SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AIR FORCE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY WRIGHT-PATTERSON AIR FORCE BASE, OHIO

THE EXTENDED MULTI-ATTRIBUTE DECISION ANALYSIS MODEL (EMADAM)

Capt. Aaron R. DeWispelare*

Abstract

This research is an on-going effort to produce an interactive, computer-based aid suitable for use in decision situations and long-term planning. The current research involves the development of extensions to the applicability of a decision aid embodied in the computer program MADAM: Multi-Attribute Decision Analysis Model. The theoretical underpinnings of MADAM involve portions of multi-attribute utility theory. This interactive program is designed to aid the decision-maker in all phases of decision analysis from problem formulation to sensitivity analysis. The program is a tool designed to be used by a decision-maker in order to facilitate making rational and consistent trade-offs and subdecisions throughout the entire decision-making process. The stages of the decision analysis covered by the program include formation of an objectives hierarchy, elicitation of an appropriate set of attributes, examining the relationship between the attributes, establishing criterion weights, evaluating candidate solutions, and performing several types of sensitivity analysis.

The significant changes in the model involve the stages of examining the relationship between the attributes and of incorporating probabilistic data and utility concepts. In the previous version of MADAM, the program guides the decision-maker in determining whether or not the condition of mutual preferential independence is met. This determination is important because the previous version of the program is designed to handle the case of deterministic attributes (measurable value analysis) where an additive value function is the appropriate overall value function. The exentsions allow MADAM to be utilized for the case of probabilistic attributes (utility analysis). The extended program aids the decision-maker in conducting lottery trade-offs so that independence conditions necessary to use an additive utility function can be ascertained. The utility analysis parallels the former value analysis in structure. MADAM maintains all previous capabilities for sensitivity analysis as well as the new utility analysis capabilities.

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1. Introduction

Decision situations are becoming increasingly complex due to the desire by decision makers to have as much information as possible with which to resolve the situation. This desire for increased quantity and quality information has encouraged analysts to attempt to quantify previously qualitatively addressed concepts and to utilize increasingly robust models to more realistically describe the world. Because of complications in gaining access to the decision maker (DM), in presenting data, and in interpreting the data, a very thorough analysis may never be used or inefficiently used in the resolution of a decision situation (7,6,11). It is hypothesized that it would be beneficial to develop tools to help the DM prioritize salient attributes and quantify preferences in an easily usable format. One technological boom which can help achieve this objective is the availability of inexpensive, computationally capable, and conveniently small computers (15). These computers can manage and display data pertinent to a decision situation, and they can be used in real-time sessions with an individual DM or a group of decision makers.

One tool which has been developed is the software package (MADAM, 16, 17). This computer program is similar to other interactive decision aids which attempt to automate value (deterministic utility) structure elicitation from the DM (4,10,15). The program MADAM approaches a decision situation from a multiple attribute value theory paradigm. It attempts to guide an analyst and/or DM through the steps of structuring the problem in terms of objectives and attributes, quantifying the DM's preferences, evaluating candidate solutions, and performing sensitivity analysis with respect to the preference structure and alternative realizations of candidate solutions. The current capability of this interactive program is conducting a value elicitation (deterministic in nature) with a DM concerning the attributes and candidate solutions for a decision situation, and allowing for several types of sensitivity analyses.

Among applications which are appropriate for utilizing a program like MADAM are evaluation of competing alternatives, ranking of projects, and the testing of the robustness of a solution. As an example, the government could use this program as a decision aid in prioritizing research projects within budgetary constraints. Annually, there are a certain amount of funds left to the discretion of government laboratory managers for dispersement into appropriate research efforts. The universal problem that these DM's face is that there are apparently more deserving projects than resources to adequately fund them.

Government DM's could use the decision aid MADAM to evaluate these projects and resolve their dilemma. A major deficiency which is noted in using programs like MADAM is the inability to account (explicitly) for the probability of achieving particular attribute levels among the various projects. The ability to incorporate risk when using decision support software would expand its usefulness because of the need to differentiate among alternatives which are non-deterministic in nature.

This paper describes and motivates the implementation of the modifications to the computer program MADAM. These modifications expand the capability of the computer automated decision aid by allowing for the incorporation of risk and subsequent utility aspects of candidate solutions. The incorporation of the DM's attitude toward risk in a Multiple Attribute Utility Theory (MAUT) model is discussed in Section 2. The actual computer program modifications developed and then implemented in code (FORTRAN) on a mainframe computer are described in Section 3 (See also Appendix A). The modified decision aid program allows interactive operation and contains graphics capability for rapid feedback to the analyst and DM. Section 4 (and Appendix B) delineates a hypothetical application of this decision tool which concerns the prioritization of various types of government research projects by a DM. The primary aim of this effort is to expand the capabilities of MADAM to explicitly address and incorporate elements of risk. The second aim of this effort is to illustrate how this new expanded decision aid may be applied to the government research project prioritization problem.

2. Multiple Attribute Utility Theory

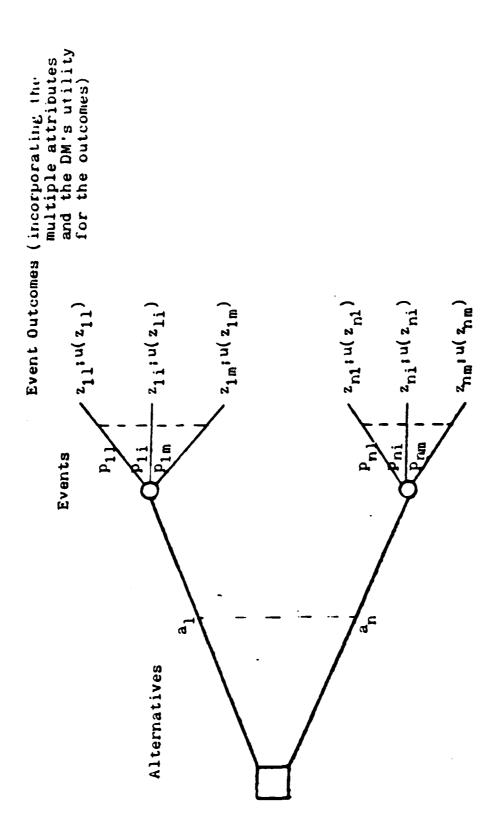
MAUT is widely used in decision situations which involve event outcome uncertainty (2,7,11,12,14). These events have associated with them outcome probabilities formed from either empirical data, or subjective data obtained from expert opinion. The objective of MAUT is to find a scalar scoring function (SSF) which will map each alternative in the decision situation onto the real line, and in the process form a complete ordering (ranking) of all alternatives. For the case which involves uncertainty, the objective is to find the alternative which maximizes the expected utility of the DM. For the discrete cases, this is given by

Maximize
$$e(u) = E \sum_{j} p_{j}(a_{i})u(z_{ij}(a_{i}))$$
 (1)

over each alternative a; where E is the expectation operator, p; is the probability of the jth event outcome, z;. The SSF, u, is a utility function which incorporates the DM's attitudes toward risk. This function can be formed by combining the salient attributes of the decision situation into a single attribute and then transforming it to a utility function incorporating risk (3), or by use of decomposition techniques which form constitutent utility functions for the salient attributes and then aggregating these into a scalar function. Many authors including Keeney and Raiffa (11) describe assessment procedures for this latter method which enable one to discern the mathematical form of u and to identify scaling parameters based on the relationships among the attributes. This latter method is used to build the models described in Section 3. The alternative policies, events, outcomes and associated probabilities in a MAUT formulation can usually be displayed in a decision tree format such as the simplified single state tree shown in Figure 1. A general algorithm of the MAUT process is shown in the DELTA chart of Figure 2.

2.1 Computerized MAUT

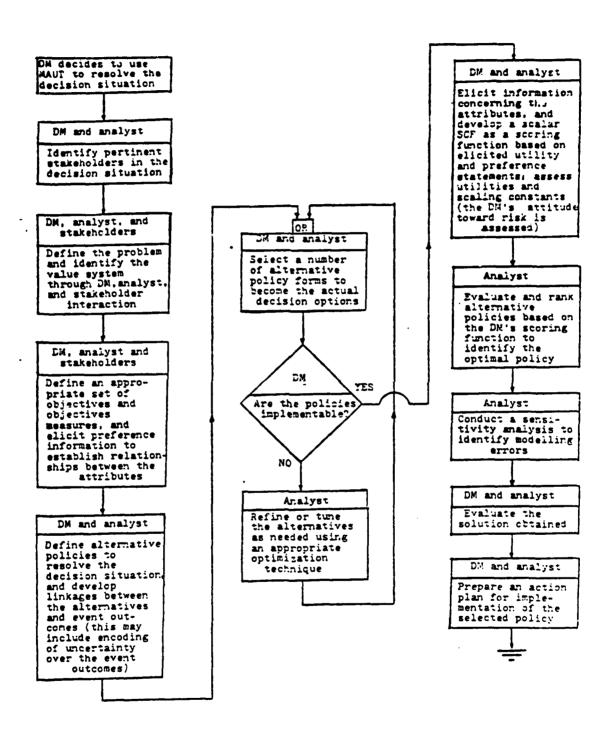
Computers have the potential to significantly enhance the assessment of multiple attribute utility and value functions. This has been demonstrated by recent research



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Single Stage Decision Tree Representation Of The Decision Situation Figure 1.

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Figure 2. DELTA Chart For MAUT Process With Uncertain Outcomes

in the case of a single decision maker (10) and also in the case of group decisionmaking (15). The development of the previous computerized assessment packages have fallen short in many areas. These deficiencies include: 1) the failure to incorporate the DM's attitude toward risk on an individual attribute basis: 2) the lack of a systematic way to incorporate descriptions of the candidate alternatives in terms of stochastically based raw attribute data; 3) the lack of immediate feedback to the DM of the implications of his preferences; 4) the lack of an efficient procedure to update DM preferences and conduct sensitivity analysis. The computer program MADAM originally did a satisfactory job of assessing value for lions and evaluating alternatives with deterministic outcomes. It did not amelion te the first two previously mentioned deficiencies concentrated around the law of incorporation of the elements of uncertainty in a decision situation. However the structure of MADAM made it attractive to modify the program by adding several subroutines which allowed all of the aforementioned deficiencies to be appropriately addressed and resolved in the context of risk and utility. Section 3 describes the specific models and accompanying procedures which are implemented in atructured subroutines on the digital computer.

3. Utility/Risk Incorporation Into MADAM

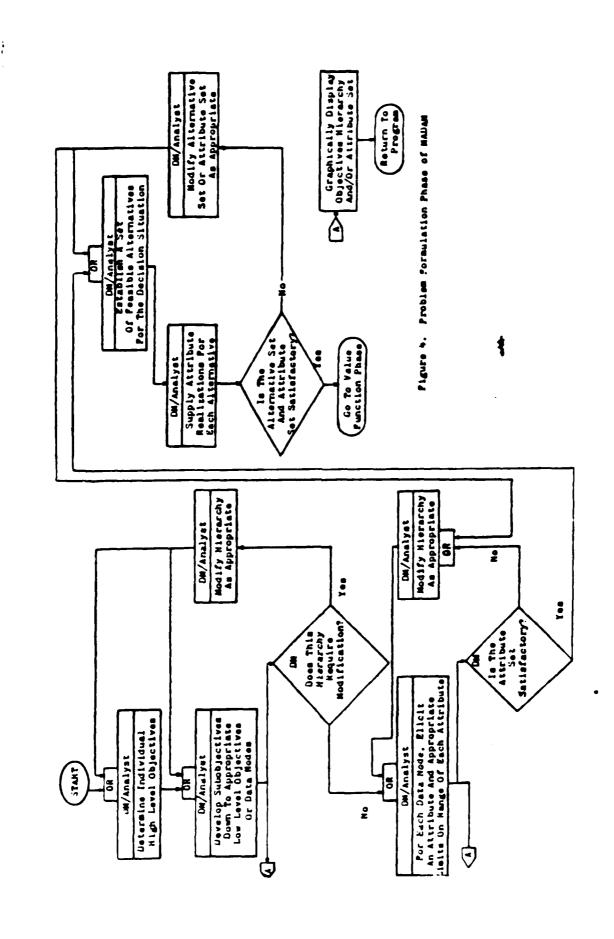
3.1 Previous Capabilities of MADAM

MADAM was designed for a complex decision making environment which exhibited characteristics of Type I and Type III problems of Figure 3. The modifications in this effort which incorporated utility concepts into MADAM are intended to allow for solutions to decision problems of Type II and IV. Originally, a DM/analyst was able to use MADAM to conduct interactively a problem formulation phase, the formation of an appropriate value function, and a sensitivity analysis phase. The DELTA chart of Figure 4 shows the program flow for the problem formulation phase of MADAM. In the problem formulation phase, the DM is guided in the construction of an objectives hierarchy which is designed to define issues of concern; limit the

Outcome Under:	Single Attribute	Multiple Attribute
Certainty	Type I	Type III
Uncertainty	Type II	Type IV

Figure 3. MAUT Formulation Typology

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problem to a tractable size, and identify operational variables or attributes.

Additionally, the problem formulation phase establishes an appropriate range of realization levels for each attribute, and characterizes a feasible set of candidate solutions or alternatives in terms of these attributes. There is graphics capability for the appropriate timely feedback of the objectives hierarchy and attribute set to the DM.

The next phase of MADAM explores relationships among the attributes in attempting to establish mutual preferential independence (MPI), and then establishes constituent scoring or value functions for the individual attributes. MADAM uses the weakened sufficiency conditions (12) of pairwise preferential independence (PPI) to explore the existence of MPI. MPI among attributes is both necessary and sufficient for justifying use of the additive form of value function.

$$V_{(x)} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} W_i \cdot V_i \quad (x_i)$$
 (2)

where V(x) is the scalar value function, $v_i(x_i)$ is a constituent value function of an individual attribute x_i , and W_i is a scaling constant reflecting the relative criterion weight of attribute x_i compared to the other attributes. Currently MADAM only has the capability of utilizing an additive form of V(x), but caveats are issued automatically if MPI cannot be established warning the DM/analyst of possible error in scoring and ranking the alternatives. The individual value functions are next established using the midvalue spliting technique (11). Once the individual value functions are established, graphical display to the DM of these functions is used to verify their form. Next the scaling constants or criterion weights are elicited using the ratio technique (5,13). Now all parts of the SSF, V(x), are present for evaluation and ranking of each candidate alternative. Figure 5 shows a DELTA chart of the value function establishment pahse.

Sensitivity analysis is performed in the next and last phase of MADAM.

Sensitivity to criterion weight changes for upper level nodes and attributes

(data nodes) for all alternatives or any alternative individually, and to

attribute levels at a particular node for each alternative explored in this phase.

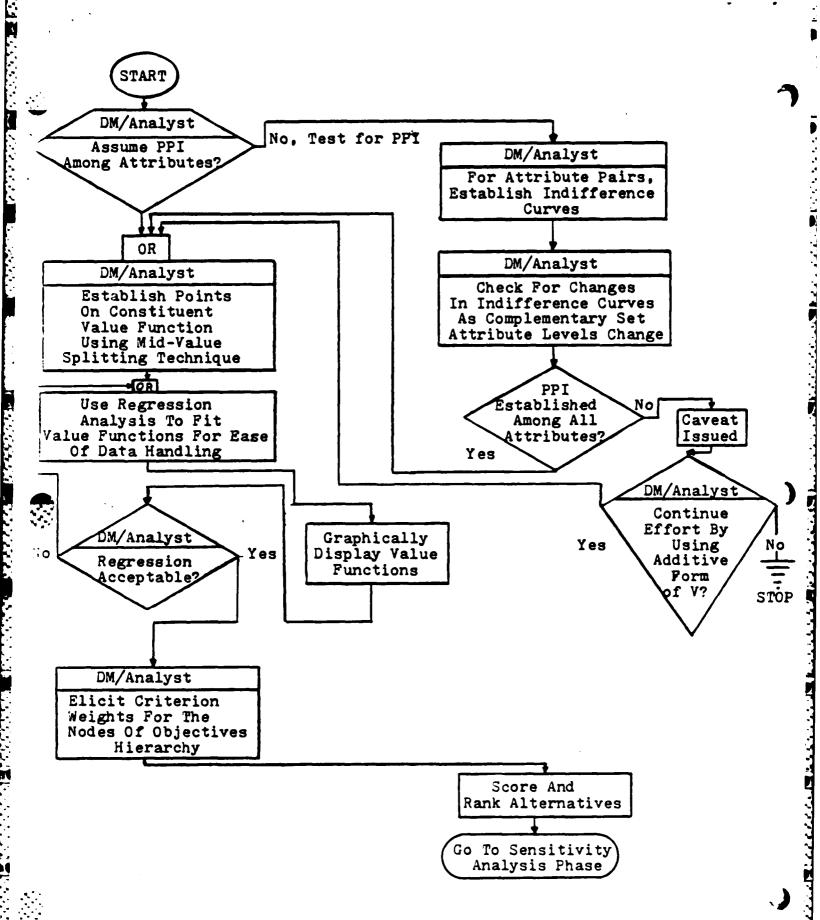


Figure 5. Value Function Phase of MADAM

There is a graphical presentation of the resulting alternative's scores due to the variation of parameters.

In all three phases, only deterministic attribute levels for the alternatives are permissible as input. Also no attempt is made to incorporate the DM's attitude toward the risk involved with each alternative. In the resulting sections, the modifications to MADAM are described which ameliorate these weaknesses.

3.2 Modifications/Current Capabilities of Extended MADAM: EMADAM

The incorporation of stochastic data for alternatives under evaluation and the DM's attitude toward this risk in a utility function was accomplished in three steps: (1) model and implement a protocol for exploring relationships among attributes in terms of utility concepts, 2) model the incorporation of risk into the DM's value function and establishing a protocol for assessing utility functions accompanied by graphical display of these utility functions, 3) model the combination of individual utility functions into a global utility function and then provide a description and subsequent evaluation of candidate alternatives in terms of the risk containing utility development and provide for the inclusion of probabilistic attribute data.

Attribute Relationships

In order to establish a mathematical basis for using a specific utility function with which to score and subsequently rank alternatives, relationships among the attributes must be examined with respect to both the DM's preferences over the attributes and attitude toward risk. A manual approach for checking for Mutual Utility Independence (MUI) among attributes is described by Keeney and Raiffa (11). This approach using PPI and utility independence (UI) for checking for MUI was developed into an algorithm and implemented in a new Subroutine called UPI (Appendix A-3). The flow in UPI is shown in Figure 6.

MUI is both a necessary and sufficient condition for using the multiplicative form of utility function and it is also a necessary condition for using the additive form of utility function as shown in Equation 3 below (11):

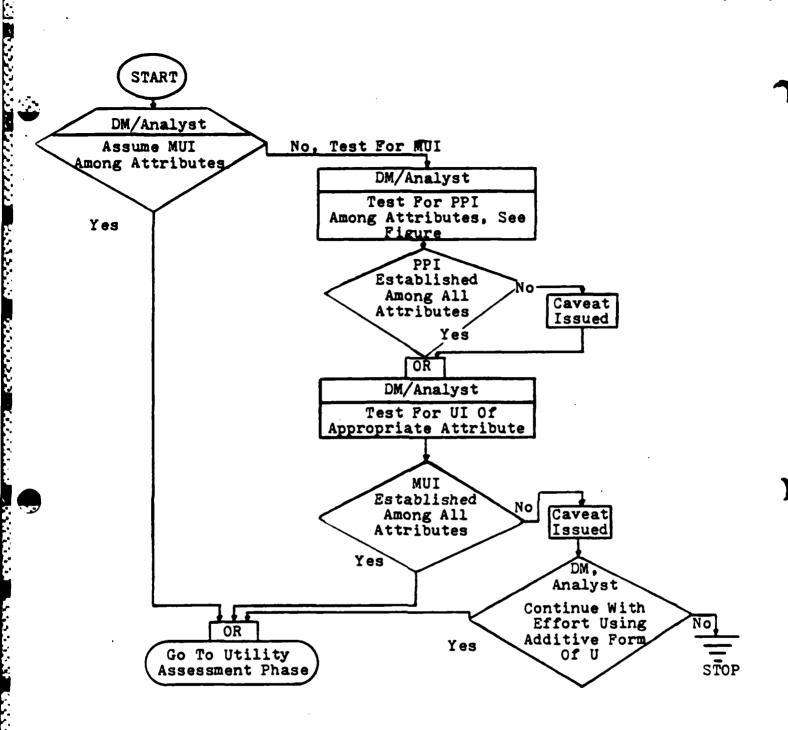


Figure 6. Flow of Subroutine UPI

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 & n & & \\
 & \Sigma & k_i & u_i(x_i) & & \\
 & & & & \end{array}$$
(3)

where $u_i(x_i)$ represents a constituent utility function, u_i , which is a function of a single attribute, x_i ; and k_i represents the criterion weight or scaling constant corresponding to $u_i(x_i)$, and U is the combined utility function for all attributes. The additive form of U is used in this effort since it is the form that applications have shown to be very often justified (11). Sufficient conditions for using the additive form of U are the establishment of Fishburn Marginality but these conditions can be me intractable for any practical application where the number of attributes is greater than two (7,11). Caveats are issued if MUI cannot be established and the DM/analyst is given the choice of stopping the analysis or continuing with the knowledge that some error is possible.

Utility Function Assessment

Because MUI is either established or assumed in subroutine UPI, individual utility functions can be established as functions of single attributes. The most common approach for incorporating the DM's attitude toward risk and preference simultaneously is through a simple lottery. Figure 7 shows the construction of a simple lottery where the DM is asked to trade a chance at two outcomes in terms of a single attribute for a minimum amount of the same attribute for certain. This amount is called the certainty equivalent of the lottery (22). The utility of this certainty equivalent can be seen to be equal to the expected utility of the lottery which is calculated using Equation 1. A series of questions in the form of lotteries can define a utility curve for a single attribute. In the assessment process, the probabilities are held constant, and the outcomes are varied. A series of questions in the form of lotteries can define a utility curve for a single attribute. In the assessment process, the probabilities are held constant, and the outcomes are varied. While there may be some drawbacks in using the lottery technique (4), it is by far the most often used technique for assessing a DM's utility (2,11,12). This lottery technique was developed into an algorithm and implemented in Subroutine UTIL

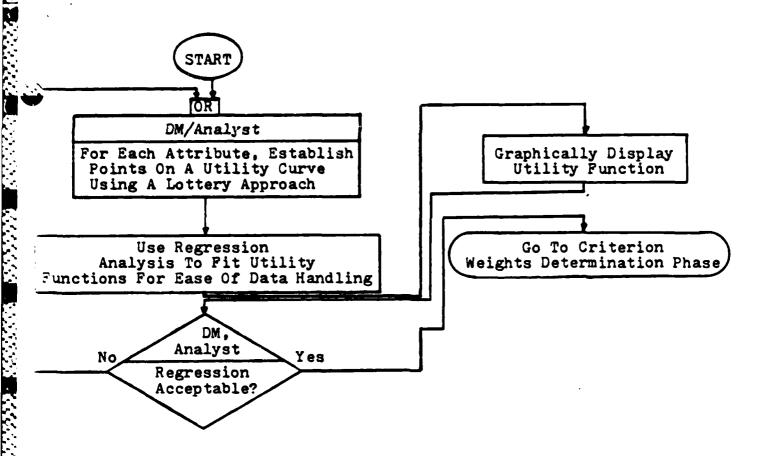


Figure 8. Flow of Subroutine UTIL and Adjoining Modules

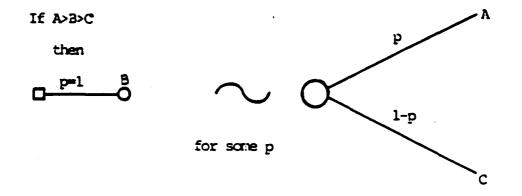


Figure 7. Simple Lottery

(Appendix A2).

The points of the constituent utility curves just determined are curve fit using a least squares criterion for five forms (exponential, quadratic, linear, logarithm, and square root). The closest fit of the regression attempts is parameterized for ease of data handling for all utility curves. The regression results and error are displayed to DM/analyst. The individual utility functions are graphically presented for the DM/analyst. This visual feedback will corroborate the risk averseness characteristic of each utility curve for each attribute as a consistency check. Subroutines PICTUR and RDATT were modified to accomplish the last two major steps. Figure 8 shows the flow of the utility function assessment.

Probabilistic Data Inclusion/Expected Utility Calculation

The strength of the utility theory approach to decision theory is the ability to take into account the realistic risk associated with levels of the attributes (outcomes occurring in the future) for each alternative. In order to allow for ease of interfacing with the digital computer, the Subroutine RDV (Appendix A-4), asks the analyst to input discretized or spike probability distribution data corresponding to levels of the attributes. A maximum of ten discrete probabilities are allowed for each attribute per alternative. Checks are included to insure that these discrete probabilities are collectively exhaustive. The resulting probability distributions are displayed graphically through Subroutine DRWPRB (Appendix A-6).

The expected utility for each attribute for each alternative is now calculated in Function CONVLT (Appendix A-5) by forming the linear sum shown in Equation 1. Constituent utility values corresponding to the discrete attribute levels just entered are calculated from the previously determined utility curves. These utility values are multiplied by the corresponding probability of occurrence for each attribute. The resulting expecting utilities for each attribute are combined with the previously described scaling constants to produce the linear sum of Equation 3. This results in a combined utility score for a simple alternative. The flow of the data entry and utility calculation phases are shown in Figure 9.

This process is repeated for each alternative. The set of alternatives are ranked and the respective combined utility scores displayed.

The example presented in Section 4 and Appendix B demonstrates the use of the newly enhanced decision aid MADAM for a problem involving probabilistic data and utility concepts.

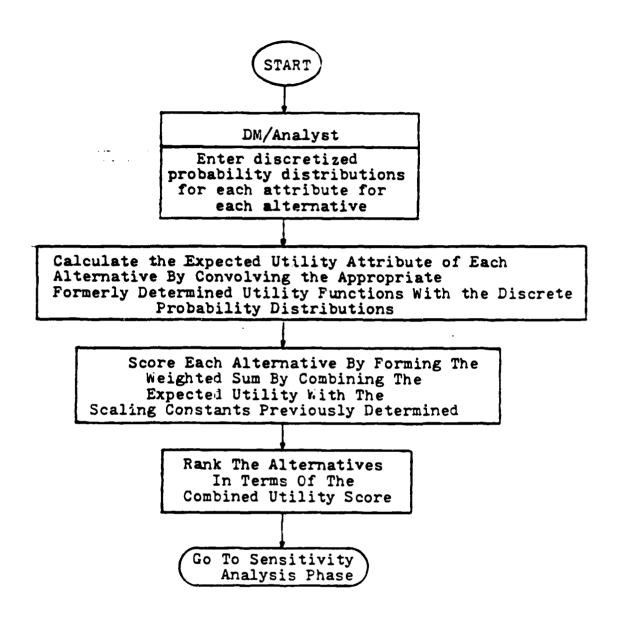


Figure 9. Data Entry/Utility Calculation

4. Prioritizing Research Projects - An Application of EMADAM

4.1 Problem Definition

The Department of Defense (DOD) philosophy on funding initial research and development (R and D) programs (also called "new starts") is to commence efforts in many areas, but only fund the advanced development and eventual procurement of the few - efforts that are the most successful, potentially fruitful, or vitally needed (18,19,20,21). Many government laboratories are apportioned a certain amount of funds to start new R and D projects. Unfortunately there is always insufficient funding to cover all the attractive R and D projects. The problems faced annually by the government research executives are how to rapidly and appropriately prioritize the new R and D efforts. A tool like EMADAM allows the DM and analyst or advisor to work through each phase of the prioritization in an informed and timely manner. This allows for not only a ranking of the projects, but also a more thorough understanding of the process by the parties involved.

To serve as an example of a possible use of EMADAM, a hypothetical application concerning R and D project prioritization is now presented. Appendix B gives an interactive listing of this application of the research project prioritization.

4.2 Attributes

An objectives hierarchy was established for this decision situation (Appendices B and D). The measures of attainment of the lowest level objectives are the attributes for this problem. Four attributes were identified as salient in this decision situation. They are (1) technology base, (2) sponsorship potential, (3) cost, and (4) time to project fruition.

The "technology base" attribute addresses the issue of being able to successfully produce a solution for identified needs as opposed to just expanding the technological base in an area. The end objective of each R and D project is evaluated as to the existing technological base as well as estimated difficulty in achieving the end objective. A ten point scale is used to rate each project

(Appendix C) from the extremes of no technology base and extreme difficulty in achieving research objective to simply a new use of existing well developed technology with little difficulty in achieving end objective. Each project is rated based on an extensive literature search of existing technological bases and expert opinion with respect to difficulty in meeting the research objective within five years. In all cases where expert opinion is used to refine attribute levels, a Delpi exercise is used to achieve concensus (13). There is some uncertainty associated with the estimates of the technology base obtained from expert opinion.

The "sponsorship potential" attribute is aimed at ascertaining the number of potential major organizations which will commit funds toward advanced development and pre-production testing. This attribute is used as the primary indicator of the importance of the deficiency or need addressed by a project. Zero through five major organizations is the range of this attribute. Surveys with the potentially interested major organizations are the primary source of data for this attribute for each project. Because some organizations withhold their commitment of funds until some future point in time, there is some uncertainty as to the exact number of sponsoring organizations.

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The attribute of cost seems to be the most straight forward attribute but modifications of the yearly costs must be made to establish a common time basis for the research projects. All research budgets are made on a five year planning cycle as dictated by Congress. Because projects are generally funded for all five years once they are started, this period is used as the absolute maximum time allowed for each project to reach the identified research objective.

Therefore, each project is budgeted so that the research objective can be achieved in five years. The highest cost project is used as the basis or standard and all other projects are allotted the same annual amount. This step resolves the arbitrary nature of funding and puts all projects on the same effective—budget schedule. The fact that many projects would be accelerate, and produce

Its faster than usual at the basis funding level allows project differentiation in the next attribute to be discussed, which is "time to project fruition." This equalizing of the proposed annual budgets for the projects allows the attribute "cost" to be dropped from analysis so as not to double count its effect. This reduces the number of attributes, and makes the decision situation more tractable in quantitative terms.

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The "time to fruition" attribute indicates the actual time (less than or equal to five years) for the R and D project to produce significant results (i.e. achieve the research objective). Because many projects will take less than five years to produce significant results at the equalized effective basis funding level discussed earlier, the combination of this attribute and cost will differentiate among the alternatives. Expert opinion and past research efforts are used to produce the estimates of time to fruition for each project. As with the other attributes, risk is involved in this estimate and therefore a distribution is appropriate for describing the attribute level achieved.

4.3 Alternatives

Five generic R and D projects were ranked in this effort. While these projects were hypothetical, they are very similar in characteristics to actual projects. These projects S, T, X, Y, and Z are described in terms of attribute data in Appendix B. Project S has the characteristics of an expected general project with low to average technology base (TB), a reasonable number of sponsors and an average time to successful results. Project T would be called an average development oriented project with a high TB, a few sponsors, and an average expected time to successful development. Project X is the high risk alternative with a low TB, only one sponsor, and a long expected time to fruition. Project Y has the characteristics of a typical research oriented project with a low to average TB, small number of sponsors and a long lead time to successful results. The final alternative, Project Z, is often called a "sure bet" because it has characteristics that almost always assure success in an average amount of time such as a high TB and many sponsors. The specific

attribute values and accompanying probability distributions are shown in Appendix B.

4.4 Results

A government DM familiar with the R and D funds allocation problem was used in this effort to add realism to this example. The objectives hierarchy, attributes, criterion weights (scaling constants), relationships among the attributes, and individual utility functions were all established by the DM in realistic sessions utilizing EMADAM. Appendix B contains an abbreviated but representative listing of the output for this example.

The DM established the objectives hierarchy (Appendix D) which led to the attributes discussed earlier and listed in Appendix B. The DM was able to establish MUI among the attributes which are necessary conditions justifying use of individual utility functions of individual attributes, and the additive form of SSF (Appendix B). The individual utility functions were elicited from the DM (Appendix B), and as expected all indicate an aversion toward risk with respect to all attributes. The utility functions for "time to fruition" and "number of sponsors" displayed the most risk aversion. The criterion weights established by the DM indicate the "number of sponsors" willing to support development (an indication of need, $W_2 = 50$) is almost twice as important as either "time to fruition" ($W_3 = 30$) and TB ($W_1 = 20$) in prioritizing alternative projects (Appendix B). Of course these weights (scaling constants) may only be valid for the ranges of the attributes considered (11).

The calculated expected utilities for the five projects (Appendix B) are as follows: U (Project S) = 64.20, U (Project T) = 64.68, U (Project X) = 27.15, U (Project Y) = 53.74, U (Project Z) = 65.01. On a 100 point normalized scale, some significant differences are evident. Project Z clearly dominates Projects X and Y, but outdistances Projects S and T by only 1%. The usefulness of a quantitative decision aid such as EMADAM is not only in the absolute ranking of the alternatives, but also in the relative differences between alternative project scores. While not a specific objective of this effort, extensive

sensitivity analysis is available with EMADAM as an aid to the DM, and for this example clearly needed to differentiate projects S, T, and Z.

4.5 Computer Utilization Summary

A listing of the routines developed in this effort (ASKU, UTIL, UPI, DRWPBR, CONVLT, and RDV) is provided in Appendix A. These routines are written in FORTRAN V and all graphics capability is compatible with any common alpha-numeric terminal. In addition to the routines coded, many other subroutines in MADAM were modified to allow compatibility of both deterministic and probabilistic data. The subroutines modified were ATT, ASET, ATTSET, PICTUR, and RDATT. The enhanced version of MADAM (i.e. EMADAM) is now in excess of 5,6000 lines of code. EMADAM is segmented in overlays which at no time take more than 56,6000 bytes of memory. This reasonable memory requirement due to overlaying allows for interactive execution of the program. The CPU execution time is nominal for a reasonable size problem. This example problem took less than six seconds total. This example was performed on a CYBER 175 (CDC) system.

The interactive terminal time totaled approximately three hours for this sample. This time was accomplished with the DM in two sessions. The DM expressed satisfaction with the usability and commented on the ease of understanding the prompts provided by the enhanced MADAM program. The length of time required by the DM/analyst does not seem excessive when one considers the number of steps accomplished in the decision resolution paradigm.

5. Summary, Conclusions, and Recommendations

5.1 Summary

In this effort, several modifications to the decision analysis software tool MADAM (16,17) were accomplished. These modifications enhance this decision making aid by incorporating utility concepts and probabilistic data into the analysis process. The DM/analyst can still accomplish the setting of objectives and determination of attributes (Figure 4), and now has the choice and capability

of using an automated tool for exploring relationships among attributes, assess the DM's value or utility functions, and include attribute data for either the probabilistic or deterministic data case (Figures 5, 6, 8, and 9). Several computer codes were developed to implement the modifications accomplished here. These modifications are summarized in the following tasks:

- 1. model and code a protocol for examining utility and preference relationships among attributes (Subroutine UPI, Appendix A-3);
- 2. model and code a protocol for the incorporation of risk into the DM's value function and assess his/her utility functions along with graphical display of these curves (Subroutines ASKU and UTIL, Appendices A-1 and A-2);
- 3. model and code the inclusion of probabilistic attribute data for the alternatives along with graphical presentation of this data, the combination of individual utility functions into a global utility function employing an expected utility calcualtion, and the subsequent evaluation of the utility for each alternative (Subroutines RDV and DRWPRB, and Function CONVLT, Appendices A-4, A-6, and A-5).

5.2 Conclusions

Conclusions to be drawn from this effort:

- The enhanced version of MADAM (EMADAM) can effectively incorporate probabilistic data for the attributes of alternative systems under evaluation, and utility concepts (additive form of utility function) into a decision analysis.
- This type of decision aiding software tool is appropriate to project evaluations and selection problems such as the allocation of government research and development funds as demonstrated by the example in Section 4 and Appendix B.
- The usability of EMADAM appears acceptable as demonstrated on a moderately sized problem (Section 4, Appendix B). A DM, with or without an analyst can execute a decision analysis with EMADAM due to the interactive set of prompts presented by the software.
- The enhanced version of EMADAM is efficient in terms of computer memory required (less than 57K bytes due to over-laying), and in terms of CPU execution time (less than six seconds) for a moderately sized problem (Section 4, Appendix B).

The convenience of interactive operation is somewhat offset by the required terminal time for the DM/analyst (approximately three hours for the example problem delineated in Section 4, Appendix B).

5.3 Recommendations

Two recommendations are offered in response to this effort First, expand EMADAM to accommodate other forms of global utility functions besides the additive form. The multiplicative form (11) would be a tractible function which incorporates non-linearites in a decision situation. Second, develop a more sophisticated procedure to assess the scaling constants (criterion weights). Such a procedure should allow for more consistency checks without inducing obfuscation (5,11).

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Appendix A

Computer Code Enhancements To MADAM

** Appendix A-1 ** 025450 SUBFOUTINE ASKU(1, X1, X2, XMID) 025460 025470 0254-0 ****** 025490 • 025500 • 025510 THIS ROUTINE ASKS THE QUESTIONS WHICH ELICIT THE 025520 DATA PRINTS FROM WHICH THE ESTIMATED INDIVIDUAL + 025530 025540 LTILITY FUNCTION MAY BE ESTABLISHED. * 025550 * 025560 CALLED BY: UTIL 025570 025590 * 025590 VAPIABLES • 025600 USED: X1.X2.XMAX.XMIN • 025610 • 025623 MUDIFIED: YMID ◆ 625630 ● 025640 025650 025660 025670 025600 SATE CHAPACTER ATTION 325690

```
025700
                                                                            025710
DAILTHANNOW WHAT LEVEL OF ATTRIBUTE MATTICED
PHILTHURE THE CERTAINTY WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY!
                                                                            025720
DRI THINGTH A 5 HEY CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER!
                                                                            025730
   .T+. K2. * UNITE OF *.X1. * UNITS UP ATTRIBUTE *.ATT1(I)
                                                                            025740
                                                                            025750
                                                                            025760
3540(***(51 .*)*)X*17
                                                                            025770
YATI = AMINICKI + X2)
                                                                            3257-0
Y"AK=AMAXI(XI+XI)
IF ((YAID-LT.X*I.).).). (XMID-0T.XMAX)) THET
PRINTA, YAID. TO DUTIEDE THE PAGE OF 1.X1.1 TO 1.X0
                                                                            025710
                                                                            125.01
                                                                            025-10
                                                                            025.50
F DIF
45T_ 2 ;
                                                                            025 30
                                                                            025/41
```

** Appendix A-2 **

```
027070
     SUBPOUTINE UTIL
                                                                         027100
                                                                         027110
                                                                         027120
                                                               ***** C27130
                                                                      027140
                                                                      027150
  THIS ROUTINE GENERATES THE DATA POINTS FROM WHICH THE
                                                                      027160
   INDIVIDUAL UTILITY FUNCTIONS ARE ESTIMATED. AND CALLS
                                                                         027170
                                                                       327180
   ROUTINE REGRS TO DO THE ESTIMATION.
                                                                       • 027190

◆ 027200
                                                                       • 027210
  CALLED BY: LFI.FDATT
                                                                       • 027220
                                                                       * G27230
   VARIABLES
                                                                       027240
         USED: NATT + XMID
                                                                       · 627250
                                                                       • 027260
          MODIFIED: CH,I,VAL,X
                                                                       • 027270
                                                                      + 0272°C
027300
                                                                         027310
     COMMON/ATTR/LATE
                                                                        927320
                                                                         927339
     COMMON/VAL/VAL(5)
                                                                         027343
     JA VE
     CHA-ACTER CH:ATT1:10
                                                                         027350
                                                                         027360
     PRI's * * *
     PRINTAGE *
                                                                         027370
        TITLE THE UTILITY FUNCTIONS FOR EACH ATTRIBUTES
                                                                        0273%0
                                                                         027396
     PRINT*** WILL YOW BE DETERMINED *
                                                                         027400
    PRINT+, * *
DO 10 1=1, WATT
                                                                         027410
                                                                         027420
    CALL ASKU(I,ATT(I,2),ATT(I,3),XMID)
                                                                         027430
                                                                         027447
     VAL(1)=ATT(1+2)
     VAL(5) = ATT(1.3)
                                                                         027459
     VAL(3)=XMID
                                                                         027460
                                                                         027470
     X=X410
                                                                         027400
     CALL ASKU(I+ATT(I+2)+X+KYID)
                                                                         0274=2
     VAL(2)=XMIO
                                                                         027500
     CALL ASKU([+ATT([+3]+VAL(3)+XMID)
                                                                         027513
     U14)=(4)AV
     CALL REFFS(I)
                                                                         027520
                                                                         027530
     PRINT***THE ARMYS MIGLOS A UTILITY FUNCTION FOR **ATTICID
                                                                         027540
     FRE THATWITH PARAMETERS:
                                                                         027550
     PRI, T+.+131=+.FATAY(I+1).+ B1=+.PA-AM(I+2)
PRI, T+.+13UM OF CQUARED E-H3P=+.PATAM(I,3)
                                                                         027540
                                                                         027570
    TE (# A ' AM (T.+ ) . TO . C ) " HE".
                                                                         0275 J
                                                                         227507
                                                                        027600
     PRINT ** * JT N. ITY=P1*M: * (AFTR. MUTE LEVEL) *
     5612 F (PA'A'(I+4).E9.-1. ) THE .
                                                                         027610
     $97.7*, 1 (33) AFF- (UT FT 7) 1
                                                                         027620
         **.*:T:::"Y=H: *H: * (ATTF: PUTE LEVEL) * * 0 .5*
                                                                         027630
```

```
ELSEIF (PAPAM(I,4).EQ.1.0) THE!
                                                                              027640
    PRINT * . ! (SQUARED FURM) !
                                                                              027650
    PRINT .. UTILITY=80+81 . (ATTRIBUTE LEVEL) .. 2.0 .
                                                                              027560
    ELSEIF (PARAM (I +4) . EQ . -2.0) THEN
                                                                              027670
    PRINT++ * (LJGAPITHMIC FCOM) *
                                                                              027680
    PRINT* . * UTILITY=B3+B1+LN(ATTFIBUTE LEVEL) *
                                                                              0276=0
    ELSETF(PARAM(I,4).EQ.2.0)THEN-
                                                                              327700
    PRINT ** * (EXPONENTIAL FORM) *
                                                                              027710
    PRINT***UTILITY=80+81*EXP(ATTRIBUTE LEVEL)*
                                                                              027720
    E'OIF
                                                                              227730
    CALL PICTUR(I)
                                                                             C27740
2
    PRINTER .
                                                                              327750
    PRINT* . * DOES THE ABOVE REPRESENTATION APPEAR REASONABLE? (Y/N) .
                                                                             027760
    P3 * 1 * . .
                                                                             027770
    - EAD( + + * (A1) * ) CH
                                                                             2277:2
    IF ((CH. WE. TY !) .AND. (CH. NE. !N!)) THEN
                                                                             0277~0
    PRINTER TYPE OR MANY
                                                                             027900
                                                                             027310
    ENDIF
                                                                             327320
IF (CH.E3. *N*)GC TO 1
                                                                             027330
                                                                             C27840
    PETURA
                                                                             027850
    E\ 0
                                                                             027960
                                   Appendix A-3
     SUBJOUTINE UPI
                                                                            227:70
                                                                             027810
                                                                             027870
                                                                            *027500
                                                                             0277 10
                                                                             327729
  THIS ROUTINE CONCUCTS A TEST OF MUTUAL UTILITY INDEPENDENCE BY
                                                                            ·027730
  CONDUCTING TESTS OF PAIRWISE PREFERENTIAL AND INDEPENDENCE FOR
                                                                            ·027940
  A SELECTED ATTRIBUTE WITH RESPECT TO THE OTHER ATTRIBUTES.
                                                                            *C27553
                                                                            *327363
                                                                            *027970
               ROATT
                                                                            *027953
  CALLED BY:
                                                                            ·0279=3
                                                                            +02-001
                                                                            ·02 - 010
  VAHIABLES
                                                                            ●024327
         USED:
                                                                            • 22 º 030
                     ATT : 1.ATTP 2.3AND.CH.D1.DEL1.1.
                                                                           4 02 040
          410:F::0:
                      NDEPRAITCLAUAKAMAKIAMAX2AMINIAMIN2
                                                                            +023353
                      TEMP, TEMP1, TEMP2, TOLER, TOTHER
                                                                            12:060
                                                                            • 129077
                                                                            • 02 = 0 ≤ 0
                                                                            123059
                                                                             22 123
                                                                             02:110
     C 14 121/4775/7 ATT
                                                                             12-111
     C 700 111.777 (3) 35
                                                                             02 130
                                                                             32-147
```

32 157

では、ないのでは、関係というないとは、関係というというは

```
PEAL BAND(3,2), MAX1, MIN1, MAX2, MIN2
                                                                             024167
       INTEGER NAU
                                                                             02-170
      IF (VATE . LE . 2 ) CALL UTIL
                                                                             02-1-0
      IF (NATT-LE-2)GC TO 101
                                                                             025190
       INDERF=3
                                                                             025200
       PRINTER .
                                                                             020210
       PRINT * + TAT WHAT TOLERANCE DO YOU WANT TO CHECK YOUR !
                                                                             025 220
       PRINT***RESPONSET, USER ** (PLUS OR MINUS X PERCENT)?*
                                                                             025230
       PRINT+ . .
                    X=?•
                                                                             02F 243
       PEAD(*+*(12)*)ITOL
                                                                             021250
       TOLER=FLOAT(ITUL)/100.6
                                                                             024 260
       PRINT=+*WE ARE WORKING AT PLUS OR MINUS **ITOL** PERCENT*
                                                                             029273
       PPINT++USEF+* WHICH ATTRIBUTE DO YOU WISH TO EXPLORE THE*
                                                                             029280
       PPINT***UTILITY INDEPENDENCE OF? (IF YOU WISH TO REVIEW!
                                                                             028290
       PRINT+, THE ATTRIBUTES IN THE OPDER THEY WERE INPUT.
                                                                             02 300
       PRINT***PENTER 1000* OTHERWISE ENTER THE ATTRIBUTE NUMBER NOW.)*
                                                                             024310
       UANC*(*I)*,*)CA39
                                                                             02 320
       IF(NAU.NE.1808)60 TO 11
                                                                             021330
      PRIN *** *
                                                                             029340
      PRINT+. *ATTRIBUTE
                          NUMBER *
                                                                             029350
       DO 19 I=1.NATT
                                                                             02-369
       PRINTA. 1
                                                                             029370
       PRINT+,ATTICID,*
                                                                             020300
                                                                             028390
       IF( AU. GT. LATT) GC TC 9
11
                                                                             029409
       ATTRI =ATTI('AU)
                                                                             026410
       MAYI=AMAXI(ATT(\AU,2),ATT(\AU,3))
                                                                             02-420
      MIN1 = AMIN1 (ATT(NAU, 2), ATT(NAL, 3))
                                                                             02 430
       DEL1=(4AX1-MIM1)/10.5
                                                                             02 440
       DO 23 J=1 . AT
                                                                             02 450
       IFCU.EQ.NAU)GC TO 20
                                                                             02.460
       ATTRZ=ATT1(U)
                                                                             028470
       MAX 2= A "AX1 (ATT (J.2), AT" (J.3))
                                                                             022450
       MINITA (0,0) TTA: (0,5)
                                                                             C29490
       DEL 2=("AY2-YIN2)/10.0
                                                                             029500
       D 7 4 4 4 4
                                                                             028510
       PRI IT * * * SUPPOSE THAT THE FOLLOWING *
                                                                            029520
       PRINTA, "ATTRIBUTES ARE AT THESE LEVELS:
                                                                            029530
       DO 30 K=1 . ATT
                                                                            022540
       IFC(K.Eg. NAL).Ch.(K.Eq.J))gd To 30
                                                                            0.24 550
       TOTHEREATT: (K)
                                                                            024560
       TEPP=((ATT(K+3)-ATT(K+2))++25+ATT(K+2))
                                                                            023573
       P71 1174, T37450, * = *, * E ME
                                                                            829598
30
                                                                            029590
       PSTATE OTHAT IS AT THE 25 PERCENT LEVEL!
                                                                            027507
       25. ....
                                                                            02 619
       TEMP1=MAK1-5.1+DEL1
                                                                            02:620
       DISTERPIATINES
                                                                            02 630
       TE 192=YAX2-5.0+0EL2
                                                                            32- 440
         INT*****OW SUPPOSE THAT YOU HAVE THE INITIAL CONDITIONS:*
                                                                            024650
       PHI (T*+ATT) 1, *= *, TEMP1.* AND *, ATT, 2, *= *, TEMP2
                                                                            02 661
      Page Taylor
                                                                            020670
       TETP2=TEMFS-DEL2+3.
                                                                            02:6-3
                                                                            024657
          ATMAPINAGINE THAT MARTHEAM IS CHANGED TO MATEMPS
          "T*, "dHA" LEVEL "F ", ATT 1, " WOULD KEER YOU AS SATISFIED"
                                                                            02 700
           THATAS YOU WERE UNDER THE ISSTIAL CONDITIONO?
                                                                            32 718
      POILT***(DIMEMBL? THAT ALL LINE ATTRIBUTES APE ATT
                                                                            02 720
          TT+# THE 18 TEROPIT LEVEL) *
                                                                            02 730
```

```
023740
      PRINTE.
                                                                             02-750
      ?EAD(*,*(F15.6)*)*EMP1
      IF((TEMP1.LT.MID1). IR.(TEMP1.GT.MAX1)) THED
                                                                             023760
                                                                             028770
      PRINTAGETHE INPUT LEVEL OF *,TEMP1
      PRINT*.*IS GUTSIDE THE GIVE'S PANGE OF *.ATT(I,2),* TO *.ATT(1,3) 028790
      60 TJ 1
                                                                             029750
                                                                             028900
      ENDIF
                                                                             028810
      BA + D(1+1) = TEMP1+D1
      BA40(1.2)= EMP1-01
                                                                             025820
                                                                             028930
      TEMP1=MAY1-5.0 + DELI
                                                                             025940
      TEMP2=MAX2-5.0.DEL2
      DETAILS .
                                                                             328350
     PRINT * + * SUPPOSE THAT YOU ARE STARTING AT *
                                                                             329860
     PPI:T+,ATTP1, #= #,TEMP1, # AND #,ATTR2, #= #,TEMP2
                                                                             328-70
                                                                             0258'C
                                                                             025820
     TEMPC=TEMP2+3.0+DEL2
     PRIATE, *IMAGINE THAT *, TEMP2, * IN *, ATTR2, * IS ACHIEVED. *
                                                                             028900
     PRINTA, TO WHAT LEVEL WOULD YOU CHANGE ".ATTRIA" IN ORDER TO"
                                                                             028910
     PRINTE, PREMAIN AS SATISFIED AS YOU WERE INITIALLY?
                                                                             023720
     PRIATE, * (REMEMBER THAT ALL OTHER ATTRIBUTES ARE AT THE !
                                                                             024530
     PRIATE . * 25 PERCENT LEVEL) *
                                                                             028940
                                                                             028950
                   ? .
                                                                             028660
     PEAD(+,*(F13.3)*)TEMP1
     IF ((TEMP1.LT.MIN1).OF.(TEMP1.GT.MAX1))THEN
                                                                             023970
     PRINT*, THE IMPUT LEVEL OF ", TEMP1
                                                                             020-80
     PRINTAGES SUTSIDE THE GIVEN RANGE OF "GATT(1.2). TO "GATT(1.3)
                                                                             026990
                                                                             021000
     E' DIF
                                                                             027010
     8A' J(2+1)=TEYP1+D1
                                                                             027020
                                                                             020030
     8A 10 (2,2)=TEMP 1-D1
                                                                             323040
     FRI.T+,USER, F. SUPPOJE NOW THAT THE FOLLOWING ATTRIBUTES!
                                                                             32°050
     PRINTANT SHIFTED TO THESE LEVELS:
     DO 43 KEL, NATT
                                                                             22-060
                                                                             022070
     IF ((K.E3.NAL).CT.(K.EQ.J))GC TO 40
     TOTHER = ATTICK)
                                                                             029080
     TEMP = ((ATT(K+3)-ATT(K+2))**75*ATT(K+2))
                                                                             027090
     00 14 T+ + 73 THE? + *= * + TE MP
                                                                             027100
                                                                             023110
40
     CONTINUE
     PRINTA, FIHAT IS AT THE 75 PERCENT LEVEL!
                                                                             02-120
                                                                             32 139
     25 14 74.1 1
3
                                                                             021140
     TE W2 := MAY1 -5 . 8 + DEL1
                                                                             029150
     TE MP 1= MA Y2 -5 .0 .DIL2
     DRIGHT SUPPOSE THAT YOU HAVE!
                                                                             02 150
     PRINT+, ATTRI, *=*.TEMPI+* AND *, ATTRO+*= *.TEMP2
                                                                             02 170
                                                                             0541:0
                                                                             029170
     TEMP 3= TEMP 2-3.0 + DEL 2
     PRINTA, "IMAGINE THAT THE LEVEL OF ", ATTEL
                                                                             021200
     DRINTANTES CHANGED TO FIEMPLIFE.
                                                                             325210
     CRINTANAMOULD THE LEVEL OF "NATTRIA" MERDED TO REMAINS
                                                                            02=220
     PRILIMITAD SATISFIED AS AT THE INITIAL CONDITIONS.
                                                                             529230
                                                                             029243
     FPI.T+, *LIE BETHEE! '+8A.D(1+1)+' A'D '+9A'D(1+2)
     PRINTAGE (Y/ ) 25
                                                                             025259
     4543(++1(41)*)C+
                                                                             22:241
     TF (( CH. F. 141) . A. C. ( CH. ) F. 11 1)) THE!
                                                                             023270
     PROJUMNING MYM OF MIMILS ALLEGOD, MAUSER
                                                                             72:2501
                                                                             124273
```

E 21 F

00 300

```
.05=310
IF (CH.EG. *N*) INDERF = 1
                                                                         02 320
PF : . ., . .
                                                                        22:330
TEMP 1 = MA X1 -5.0 + DEL 1
                                                                        02° 340
TEMP 2=MAX2-5.0 +DEL2
PRINT+ . * SUPPOSE THAT YOU HAVE THE INITAL CONDITIONS: *
                                                                        025350
PRINT*,ATTR1, *= *, TEMP1, * AND *, ATTR2, *= *, TEMP2
                                                                        029360
                                                                        029370
PRINT ...
                                                                        229390
TEMP 2=TEMP 2+3.0+ DEL2
                                                                        029390
PRINT+, "IMAGINE THAT YOU MUST ACCEPT"
                                                                        027400
PRINTA, "A LEVEL OF ", TEMP2, " IN ", ATTR2
                                                                        02 410
PRINTA, *WOULD THE LEVEL OF *, ATTRI
PRINT*, THAT YOU WOULD HAVE TO MOVE TO CIN CADER TO BE AST
                                                                        029420
PRINTA, SATISFIED AS UNDER THE INITAL CONDITIONS) LIE!
                                                                        025430
                                                                        027440
PRINTA, BETWEEN . BAND(2,1), AND . BAND(2,2)
                                                                        023450
PRINT+,* (Y/N)
                                                                        52546C
HO(*(14)*,*)CH
                                                                        029470
IF ((CH. ME. MY *).AND. (CH. NE. *N *)) THEN
PRINT + USER . . YOU MUST ENTER "Y" OR "N""
                                                                        027420
                                                                        029490
GO 77 4
                                                                        025500
E'DIF
                                                                        02"510
IF (CH.EQ. "N") INDEPG=1
                                                                        025520
IF (I DEPR.EQ.C) THEN
PRINTA, THERE ARE NO INDEPENDENCE PROBLEMS.
                                                                        029530
   "THAPWITH THE ATTRIBUTES TESTED SO FARA"
                                                                        025540
                                                                        229550
PPINT . . * DO YOU WISH TO ASSUME MPI FOR THE *
PRINTANTALMAINING ATTRIBUTES? (Y/h)
                                                                        024560
                                                                        025570
P3 1 . * •
                                                                        029570
-EAD(++*(A1)*)CH
                                                                        029590
IF ((CH. 'E. Th') A) D. (CH. he. T. T) THEN
PRINTA PLEASE FITER MYM OR MAMM
                                                                        027600
GD 7 3 5
                                                                        029610
                                                                        05650
ENDIF
                                                                        027630
IF (CH.EQ. "N") THE!
                                                                        029640
PRINTANTEVEN IF YOU DO NOT WISH TO ASSUME
                                                                        02-650
FRINTA, FMPI AMOUNG THE ATTRIBUTETA!
PRINTA, *30 YOU WANT TO STOP MUI TESTING? (Y/N).
                                                                        029660
                                                                        02 670
PP : , *,*
TEAD(*,*(A1)*)CH
                                                                        0296-0
                                                                        027670
IF ((CH. :E. * ' *).A'D.(CH. :E. *Y*))THEN
SRI THREDLEACE ENTER MYM OR MUMBER
                                                                        02 700
                                                                        027719
                                                                        327720
5' D. F
F' CIF
                                                                        02 730
                                                                        02 745
IF(CH.EQ.!Y!)90 TO 7
                                                                        62 750
                                                                        225 760
PRINTANTHE & ARE INDEPENDENCE PROBLEMS!
   . THIRAM TO G THE ATTRIBUTED ALPEADY TESTED.
                                                                        02:770
   :.T****D: Y:U W:SH TO STOP 'UI TEST:NG? (Y/N)*
                                                                        029710
pr - -...
                                                                        029790
                                                                        025600
- EAD( * , * (AL) * ) C-
IF ((CH. 15.1 1).A D. (CH.12.1Y1)) THE!
                                                                        021810
PRINTER PRINTER BYTER MYT OF HOME
                                                                        023921
                                                                        029630
                                                                        0.25340
                                                                        325356
IF (04.89.741)86 "I
F1 () [
                                                                        027860
```

```
IF (INDERR.EG.C) THEN
17
                                                                              029860
      PRINT=+*SINCE *+ATT1(NAU)+* IS PAIRWISE PREFERENTIALLY*
                                                                              029890
      PRINT *** INDEPENDENT OF THE CIHER ATTRIBUTES. ATTRIBUTE *
                                                                              029900 4
      PRINT**ATTI(NAU),*WILL NOW BE TESTED FOR UTILITY INDEPENDENCE.*
                                                                              023910
                                                                              023920
      E'IDI F
      IF (INDEPR.NE.0) THEN
                                                                              DECEC
      PRINT * . THERE ARE INDEPENDENCE PROBLEMS*
                                                                              029940
      PRINT ** * AMOUNG THE ATTRIBUTES (MPI DOES *
                                                                              029950
      PPINT***NOT HOLD). DO YOU WISH TO*
                                                                              029960
      PRINT+ * CONTINUE THE ANALYSIS WITH AN
                                                                              129970
      PRINT ** * ADDITIVE UTILITY FUNCTION? (Y/N)*
                                                                              029380
      PPI: ** *
                                                                              029993
      ~EAJ(++*(A1)*)CH
                                                                              030000
      IF (CH.EQ. TYT) CALL UTIL
                                                                              039010
                                                                              030020
      ATTO 1= ATT1 (MAU)
51
                                                                              030030
      MAX1 = AMAX1 (ATT(%AU,2),ATT(NAU,3))
                                                                              030040
      MIN1 = AMIN1 (ATT(NAU+2) + ATT(NAU+3))
                                                                              030050
      DELL = (MAX1-MIN1)/10.0
                                                                              030050
      PRINT++*
                                                                              030070
      PPI'IT*, "WITH THE OTHER ATTRIBUTES EXCEPT ".ATT91
                                                                              030050
      PRINTANISET AS THE FOLLOWING LEVELS!
                                                                              030090
      PP14"+, . .
                                                                              030103
      DO SO KEL-NATT
                                                                              030110
      IF (K.EQ. NAU) GO TO 63
                                                                              030120
      TOTHER = ATT1(K)
                                                                              030139
      TEMP = (ATT(K+3)-ATT(K+2))+.25+ATT(K+2)
                                                                              030140
      PRINTER TOTHER = #.TEMP
                                                                              030150
                                                                              030160
      CONTINUE
      TEMP = (ATT(K,3)-ATT(K,2)) + . 25 + ATT(K,2)
                                                                              030170
      TE MP 1 = MA X1 - 5 . G . DEL 1
                                                                              030190
      D1 = TEMP 1 + TOLER
                                                                              030150
                                                                              030200
      PRINT** ! NOW WHAT . VALUE OF ATTRIBUTE ! . ATTRI . ! WITH CERTAINTY!
                                                                              039210
      PRINT+, NOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY OF A 51-50 CHANCE OFF
                                                                              030229
      PRINTA-THECEIVING EITHER THANKIST UNITS OF TSMINIST UNITS OFT
                                                                              333233
      PRINT** 'ATT" IBUTE ' ATTRI
                                                                              033248
      PRITT **
                    ? 1
                                                                              032250
      'EAD(*+*(F1:1.0)*)TE 4PC
                                                                              030240
      IF (( TEMP1.LT.MI'1).) -. (TEMP1.GT.MAX1)) THEY
                                                                              030270
      PRINTA, THE INPUT LEVEL OF TOTEMOS
                                                                              030210
      PRINTENTIS LUTSIDE THE TANGE OF !.ATT(I,2), * TO !,ATT(I,3)
                                                                              031290
      so a El
                                                                              030300
      E'DIF
                                                                              030310
      TE 401= 15400
                                                                              230320
     BA10(1:1)="EMP1+51
                                                                              030330
     6A: )(1+2)=7ENP1-01
                                                                              030340
                                                                              030350
     PRIVE * 100% WHAT VALUE OF ATTRIBUTE * ATTRIATED THE CERTAINTY!
                                                                              339349
     PRINTER ADULT YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY OF A SERSE CHANCE OFF
                                                                              031370
      PRINTANT/ECETVING EITHER **MAXI** UNITS OF **TEMP2** UNITS OF*
          T. . *ATTTIBUTE . *.ATTTI
                                                                              030303
                                                                              335463
                                                                              77417
     3EAD(***(F1 .1)*)TE403
      TE (( TIMES.LT. TEMEZ). TO. (TEMEZ. GT. MAYI)) THEN
          TARTHE DIFFUT LEVEL F !A E ! TE
                                                                              030430
```

THIRTS HUTSING THE HANGE OF PRIERPLIF TO FINANT

```
50 7 7 52
                                                                               039450
       E'. DI F
                                                                               030460
       TEMPI=TEMP3
                                                                               030470
       BA 17 (2,1)= TE 4P 1+D1
                                                                               0304=0
       BA10(2,2)=TEMP1-D1
                                                                               030490
53
      PRINT++* *
                                                                               030500
      PPINTA . . NOW WHAT VALUE OF ATTRIBUTE . ATTRI . WITH CERTAINTY
                                                                               037510
      PRINT* . "HOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY OF A 50-53 CHANGE OF "
                                                                               030520
      PRINT=,*RECEIVING EITHER *,TEMP2,* UNITS OR *,MIN1,* UNITS OF*
                                                                               030530
      PRINTE, *ATTRIBUTE *.ATTR1
                                                                               030540
                                                                               030550
      PEAD(+,*(F10.0)*)TEMP4
                                                                               030560
      IF ((TEMP4.LT.MIN1).CF.(TEMP4.GT.TEMP2))THEN
                                                                               030570
      PRINT***THE INPUT LEVEL OF **TEMP4
                                                                               030500
      PRINT*, "IS CUTSIDE THE RANGE OF ", MIN1, " TO ", TEMP2
                                                                               030590
                                                                               030600
      ENDIF
                                                                               030610
      TEMP1=TEMP4
                                                                               030620
      BAND (3,1)=TEMP1+D1
                                                                               030630
      BAND (3.2) = TEMP1-D1
                                                                               030640
      PRINTAGE .
                                                                               039659
      PRINT++USER+*+ SUPPOSE NOW THAT THE FOLLOWING ATTRIBUTES*
                                                                               039660
      PRINT* . * ARE SHIFTED TO THESE LEVELS: *
                                                                               030670
      PR 14"+ . . .
                                                                               030610
      DO 73 K=1.NATT
                                                                               330690
      IF (K.EQ.NAU) GO TO 70
                                                                               53070C
      TOTHER=ATT1(K)
                                                                               030710
      TEMP = (ATT(K,3)-ATT(K,2))+.75+ATT(K,2)
                                                                               037720
      PRINTHOTOTHER OF = TOTEMP
                                                                               030730
      CONTINUE
                                                                              030740
      PRINTA, THAT IS AT THE 75 PERCENT LEVEL *
                                                                               030750
73
                                                                               030760
      PRINTANTAGE FOR THE LOTTERY OF A 59-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHE 1030770
      PRINT**MAX1** UNITS IP **MIN1** UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE **ATTRI
                                                                              030790
      PRINT#, *WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A VALUE OF ATTRIBUTE *.ATTRI. * WIYKS
                                                                              030790
      PRINTH, *CERTAINTY BETHEEN *, BAND(1,1), * UNITS AND *, BAND(1,2)
                                                                              030800
      PRINT+, *UNITS,
                        (Y/W)?*
                                                                              030910
      TEAD( + + * (A1) *) CH
                                                                              030421
      IF((CH.NE.TYT).AND.(CH.NE.TNT))*HEN
                                                                              0.30,830
      PRINTAGEONLY MYM OF MAN IS ALLOWED, MAUSER
                                                                              030840
         73 73
                                                                              030950
      EMDIF
                                                                              030960
      IF (CH.E). !\!)!\DEFF=1
                                                                              930 = 73
         . . . . . .
                                                                              030950
         CLT++*NOW FOR THE LOTTERY OF A 5145% CHANCE OF PECEIVING EITHER*030890
      PRINTANIANIAN UNITS OF MATERIZAM UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE MAATTRI
                                                                              იკეფია
         I. ** * # ACULO YEL TO ADE FOR A VALUE OF ATTRIBUTE *, ATTRI. * WITH!
                                                                              030913
         ATHNICERTAINTY BETWEET !+PAID(2.1), ! UNITE AND !.BAND(2.2)
                                                                              030929
         ET+, *UNITED (Y/N) *
                                                                              030930
      49 (* (IA) * (*) CA2 :
                                                                              031742
      IF ((CH.) S. 171).AND. (CH.NE. 1911) THEY
                                                                              3 * 1 = 5 5
         CETHARONLY MYM OR MOM IS ALLOWED, MAUSER
                                                                               230561
      69 7 3 7 4
                                                                              030370
      €' 0: F
      IF(CH.EQ. (31)INDEFF=1
      PRINTAGE OF RECEIVING EITHE GOTTERY OF A SINGU CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHE #031010
```

```
"PRINT*, TEMP2. * UNITS OR *.MINI. * UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE, *.ATTRI
                                                                       031027
  PRINTA, *WITH CERTAINTY BETWEEN *, BAND(3,1), * UNITS AND *, BAND(3,2)031030
 PRINTE, UNITS. (Y/N)
                                                                       031040
                                                                       031050
  =EAD(+,*(A1)*)CH
  IF ((CH-NE- 'Y') - AND - (CH-NE- 'N')) THEN
                                                                       031060
  PRINTA, FONLY MYM OR MAM IS ALLOWED, FOUSER
                                                                       031070
  90 10 75
                                                                       031080
  E"OIF
                                                                       031090
                                                                       031100
  IF (CH.EG. *N*) INDERF=1
                                                                       031110
  IF (I UDEPR . EQ . C ) THEN
                                                                       031120
  PRINT ***
                                                                       031130
  PRINTER .
           THE ATTRIBUTES ARE UTILITY INDEPENDENT!
                                                                       031140
  PRINTE, F
                                                                       331150
                                                                       031160
  PRINT ...
                                                                       931170
  CALL UTIL
                                                                       031198
  ELSE
  PRINTA THERE ARE INDEPENDENCE PROBLEMS!
                                                                       031190
  PRINTA, * AMONG THE ATTRIBUTES (MUI DOEC)
                                                                       031200
                      DO YOU WISH TO!
                                                                       031210
  PRIVITA . * VOT HOLD) .
  PRINT .. . CONTINUE THE ANALYSIS WITH ANT
                                                                       031229
  PRINTA, ADDITIVE UTILITY FUNCTION? (Y/N)
                                                                       031230
                                                                       031240
  DQ ['1 " * . *
                                                                       031250
 FEAD(***(A1)*)CH
                                                                       031260
  IF (C4.E3. !Y!) CALL UTIL
                                                                       031270
  ENDIF
                                                                       031200
 PETGAN
                                                                       0312=0
  E': D
                                Appendix A-4
  SUBS JUTTIE SON
                                                                       039380
                                                                       039300
                                                                       037400
                                                                       039410
                                                                      037420

    03°430

                                                                     + 03C44C
THIS POUTINE ELICITS THE ATTRIBUTE LEVELS OF THE
                                                                       039451
                                                                       039460
ALTERIATIVE SYSTEMS ACROSS ALL THE DATA NEDES.
                                                                       037470
                                                                       039483
                                                                     . 039490
            AVL001
CALLED BY:
                                                                      039500
VARIABLET

    039510

    939520

                                                                      039530
       0.39540
                                                                       039550
                                                                       0.30560
                                                                       039570
                                                                       337623
                                                                       03:50:
                                                                       031601
  CIAN SINT / ATT
  CONTRACTOR OF CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR OF CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR (21,3)
                                                                       13 613
```

```
039620
     COMMON/WEX/ICC: THICATARITCTL
                                                                           037630
     COMMON/SYSI/FSYC
                                                                           039640
     SAVE
                                                                           037650
     CHAPACTER+1" LAREL, DEUCTV(16), SYELBL, ATTI
                                                                           039660
     PRINTAL "WE ARE AT THE DATA MODEL"
                                                                           039670
     CALL DBJECT(IFIND, CBJCTV)
                                                                           039600
     II =1
                                                                           C30600
     00 5 I=1.4
                                                                           03 700
     WRITE(***(1X**A1T)*)(CBJCTV(K)*K=II*II+3)
                                                                           039710
                                                                           039720
     CONTINUE
     PRINT*, *WHICH HAS THE ASSOCIATED ATTRIBUTE **LABEL(IFIND)
                                                                           039730
                                                                           035740
     00 10 I=1.NSYS
                                                                           039750
     D0 '33 J=1.NATT
                                                                           039760
     IF (LABEL (IFIND) . EQ. ATT1 (J) ) THEN
                                                                           035770
     PCHECK=ATT(J.1)
                                                                           039780
     SO TC 31
                                                                           039790
     ENDIF
                                                                           035800
     CONTINUE
30
                                                                           039810
     IF (PCHECK.EQ.D.3) THEN
31
                                                                           039820
     PRINTA, THE CUPPENT LEVEL OF THE ATTRIBUTE ". LABEL (IFIND)
                                                                           039830
     PRINT*,*IS *.XLEVEL(VRAY(IFIND,I).LABEL(IFIND)).* FOR SYSTEM*
                                                                           039840
                                                                           035850
     PRINT* SYSLBL(I)
                                                                           039860
     PRINTE
                                                                           039870
     PRINTER PANGE OF THE ATTRIBUTE IS **ATT(J+2) ** TO **ATT(J+3)
                                                                           035870
     ((C+U)TTA+(S+U)TTA)(/:MA#/IMX
                                                                           039810
     XMAX = AMAXI(ATT(J+2)+ATT(J+3))
                                                                           039900
     PRINTA, "WHAT IS THE 'EW LEVEL (REAL NUMBER)?
                                                                           035910
     FEAD(***(F10.4)*)ANSHER
                                                                           033650
     IF (CANSHER-LT-XMIN).CR.(ANSHER.G -XMAX))THE
                                                                           239=30
     PRY TARTHE LEVEL OF TRAISHERST IS BUT OF PANGERT
                                                                           039740
     00 10 1
                                                                           039550
     E' DIF
                                                                           039560
                                                                           039970
     EL . E
                                                                           239780
     DELT 4=ARS(ATT(U;2)-ATT(U;3))/10.
     MI .= 11+(1-1)+4
                                                                           039990
     X=AMINI(ATT(U+2)+ATT(U+3))
                                                                           940390
     20 K= 1.0
                                                                           040010
                                                                           049020
     INDE X=414-1
                                                                           040030
     01 30 K=1.5
                                                                           040040
     Y= Y+ DEL A
     INDEX=I DEX+1
                                                                           040050
     PP 11, 1 * * * *
                                                                           340060
     PRY, TARETHE OURRENT IPIKE PRUBABILITY (SEE !
                                                                           041070
         T++ * USER * * S MANUAL) FOR * * LABEL(IFT O)
                                                                           340010
        CYT+, FAT A LEVEL OF TAXATIO TATTOURS
                                                                           042090
                                                                           940103
                                                                           242113
     PRINTA, "NHAT IS THE LEW SPIKE POSBARILITY"
                                                                           040100
                   ?!
     -E40(*,*(F10.4)*)8-01
                                                                           047137
     IF ((P-19.27.1.2).04.(P419.67.1.1))THEN
                                                                           040140
     FRITTHE IMPUT VALUE OF **FRUR
                                                                           040150
         ******* UTSIDE THE PAUSE OF (0.041.0)*
                                                                           040160
         T+. *PLIAJE FECONTIDET THE GUESTION*
                                                                           040170
```

```
040180
GC T ) 2
                                                                       040190
ENDIF
30 4= 304+ 00 0B
                                                                       049200
 IF ((SUM.GT-1.02).OF.((K.EQ.9).AND.(SUM.LT..98))) THEN
                                                                       049210
                                                                       040220
PRINTER .
PRIATE. THE INPUT SPIKE PROBABILITIES DO NOT!
                                                                       040230
PRINTA. "SUM TO 1.C. THEY SUM TO ".SUM
                                                                       040240
                                                                       040250
PRINTA. * PEINPUT THE IPIKE PROBABILITIES*
65 73 11
                                                                       040260
                                                                       040270
ENCIF
CALL ATTVAL(J. FNDEX. PRCB)
                                                                       040250
CONTINUE
                                                                       040290
                                                                       040300
CALL DRHOOB(J.MIN.LABEL(IFI'D))
                                                                       040310
ANSWER=CONVLT(U.MIN.LABEL(IFI'D))
GC 7 G 33
                                                                       040320
                                                                       040330
E' DIF
                                                                       040340
AT SHEET = VALUEAN SWEP . LABEL (IFIAD))
IF ((A ISWER .LT.0.0).)F. (ANSWER.GT.1.)) THEN
                                                                       040350
                                                                       040360
ANSWER = AMINI (ANSWER , 1 . C )
                                                                       040370
ANSWER = AMAX1 (ANSWER . C.C)
                                                                       040360
PRINTA. THE INPUT ATTRIBUTE LEVEL CAUSES*
                                                                       040390
PRINTA, THE VALUE GENERATED (BASED ON THE!
PRINTAL *ESTIMATED INDIVIDUAL VALUE FUNCTION) *
                                                                       040403
                                                                       040410
PRINT*, TO BE CUTSIDE THE FAMGE (C.J - 1.9).
                                                                       343425
PRINTAGENT CROEF TO REMAIN IN THE PROPER SANGEOF
PRINTA, TYDUR INPUT VALUE IS BEING CHANGED TO
                                                                       046430
DOINT* * *LE VEL (ANSWER . LABEL (IFIND))
                                                                       040440
PRINTA, FIF THIS IS UNACCEPTABLE, USE ***ATT****
                                                                       040450
PRINT*, *** ADJUST THE VALUE FUNCTION, AFTER*
                                                                       040460
                                                                       040470
PRINTAGEXITTING THIS OPTIONAL
                                                                       040480
                                                                       040490
CALL VSET (IFINE . I . ANSWES)
                                                                      040500
CONTINUE
PA 14 - . . .
                                                                      040510
                                                                      040520
PRINTALMENTER COMMENTS ON THESE ENTRIES.
                                                                      040530
CALL CSET(IFIND)
                                                                      040549
デニオコネツ
                                                                      040550
END
                              Appendix A-5 **
                                                                      037023
FUNCTION CONVET(J.MIN.AT 918)
                                                                      037930
CHAPACTER 1" ATTEIB
                                                                      037743
 1,01/=41%-1
                                                                      037750
DELCA=A3S(ATT(J+2)-ATT(J+3))/10.
                                                                      037960
COMMUTE: ...
                                                                      737976
037960
0" [" := .
                                                                      5379:0
4=4+35L-4
```

14725 / 12 X 20 / 1

C ** V L T = 0 11, V L T + VA L U (Y , A T T - 1 R) + A T T (U , T) 05 X)

03.000

03/010 03/020 03/030

** Appendix A-6 **

	TURR BUTTINE DE ME						03 050° 03 060
L	PRINTER !	I R * DC * *	71(00)+1				038070
جب	PRINTE THE OP	KE PROBAR	ILITIES RE	SULT IN TH	1E *		036030
	PPI. Te, FOLLOW						0320 0
	PRINT						03-169
	PP TH Te . *	0.5	C • 2	0 • 4	5.6	0.8	03/110
	PRINTER	+	+		+		034120
	DEL A= ABS (ATT (J•2)-ATT(J	1.3))/1C.3				23 130
	X=AMINICATTOJ:	5, t) TTA, (3,3))				035140
	INDEX=MIN-1						038150
	DC 10 I=0.9						03-160
	X=X+DELTA						038170
	DC 1 K=1.53						038120
1	DU PMY (K)= * *						032100
	INDEX=INDEX+1						03-200
	ISTOP=INT(ATT(72)				037210
	D0 20 II=1 •IST(₽ ·					035220
	DU MM Y (I I) = * + *						038230
20	CONTINUE						038240
	WRITE(+,*(1Y,F)	(C.4.5^A1)	*) X+ (DUMMY	(II), II=1,	50)		333250
10	CONTINUE				•		038260
	PRI%" ***	+	+	+	+		039270
	PRINT * • *	C • 🧍	• 1 • 2	3.4	0.€	€ • - •	03 F290
	PRIII***					•	038290
	FRINT+,*SPIKE F				ATTRIB		03-300
	F= [T+ + * (Y-AX] \$: IS ATTRI	HUTE LEVEL) •			037310
	PRINT ***						039320
	RETURN -						03-336
•	E'+D						03 340

Appendix B

R and D Funds Allocation Example

WHAT IS YOUR NAME, PLEASE? manon d. THANK YOU, MARON D. . WE WILL NOW BEGIN THE DECISION ANALYSIS.

OPENING FILE NUMBER 1
IS THIS DATA NEW (N) OR STORED (S)?n

AARON D. , YOUR OPTIONS ARE:
ATT COP DIS DON MOD NEW NUM PRU REV SEL
SEN SPA STA SYS TTL WYC
+++HOTE: IF YOU HE'D AN EXPLANATION, AARON D.
TYPE "HELP" +++

WHAT IS YOUR CHOICE, AARON D. ?new

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION WILL ALLOW YOU TO CHOOSE AN EXISTING (STORED) DATA FILE, OR TO CONSTRUCT A NEW DNE, AARON D. .

THE CURRENT TREE IS NUMBER 1

WITH WHICH TREE WOULD YOU LIKE TO WORK, AARON D. ?1

OPENING FILE NUMBER 1
IS THIS DATA NEW (N) OR STORED (S)?n

FILE 1 HAS NO CURRENT TREE STRUCTURE. YOU ARE BEING TRANSFERRED TO OPTION *** NEW ***.

YOU ARE AT THE POINT WHERE YOU WILL BE ENTERING THE ALTERNATIVE SYSTEMS WHICH WILL BE RANKED IN TERMS OF PREFERENCE. PLEASE CHOOSE THE APPROPRIATE OPTION.

AKDD DKELETE NKEW EKXIT

ENTER...SYSTEM 1 LABEL (10 LETTERS OR LESS) ?project s

ENTER...SYSTEM 2 LABEL (10 LETTERS OR LESS) ?project t

ENTER...SYSTEM 3 LABEL (10 LETTERS OR LESS) ?project x

ENTER...SYSTEM 4 LABEL (10 LETTERS OR LESS) ?project y

ENTER ... SYSTEM 5 LABEL (10 LETTERS OR LESS) ?project z

ENTER...SYSTEM 6 LABEL (10 LETTERS OR LESS)

YOU ARE AT THE POINT WHERE YOU WILL BE ENTERING THE ALTERNATIVE SYSTEMS WHICH WILL BE RANKED IN TERMS OF PREFERENCE. PLEASE CHOOSE THE APPROPRIATE OPTION.

A (DD D (ELETE N (EW EXIT ?e

ENTER A TITLE FOR THIS DATA STRUCTURE...

? research and development

? funds allocation -

? project selection

SPANNING NUDES: "A"=ALL "S"=SELECT

DO YOU WISH TO BUILD A NEW TREE, AARON D. ? (Y/N)

DO YOU WISH TO BY-PASS THE BETWEEN HODE CHECK?n ADDING DOWNLINKS TO HODE:

AARON D. , WHAT IS THE NEXT SUBOBJECTIVE?
(USE NO MORE THAN TWO 80 CHARACTER LINES)
? to provide for auggessblul
PLEASE CONTINUE
? r and d efforts
THE LAST SUBOBJECTIVE ENTERED IS:
TO PROVIDE FOR SUCCESSFUL

R AND D EFFORTS

CURRENT NUMBER OF HODES: 2 (MAX 500)
CURRENT NUMBER OF LEVELS: 2 (MAX 20)
CURRENT NUMBER OF SYSTEMS: 5 (MAX 59)
ADDING DOWNLINKS TO HODE:
1
TO PROVIDE FOR SUCCESSFUL

R AND D EFFORTS

AARON D. , WHAT IS THE NEXT SUBOBJECTIVE?
(USE NO MORE THAN TWO 80 CHARACTER LINES)
? to produce significant results
PLEASE CONTINUE
? from r and d efforts
THE LAST SUBOBJECTIVE ENTERED IS:
TO PRODUCE SIGNIFICANT RESULTS

FROM R AND D EFFORTS

WHICH IS SUBDBJECTIVE NUMBER 1 FOR THE OBJECTIVE: TO PROVIDE FOR SUCCESSFUL

R AND D EFFORTS

CURRENT NUMBER OF HODES: 3(MAX 500)
CURRENT NUMBER OF LEVELS: 2(MAX 20)
CURRENT NUMBER OF SYSTEMS: 5(MAX 59)
ADDING DOWNLINKS TO NODE:
1 1
TO PRODUCE SIGNIFICANT RESULTS

FROM R AND D EFFORTS

AARDM D. , WHAT IS THE MEXT SUBBBJECTIVE? (USE NO MORE THAN TWO 80 CHARACTER LINES)? to expand technology base, but not at PLEASE CONTINUE? expense of focused r add d efforts THE LAST SUBBBJECTIVE ENTERED IS: TO EXPAND TECHNOLOGY BASE, BUT NOT AT

EXPENSE OF FOCUSED R AND D EFFORTS

WHICH IS SUBDBJECTIVE NUMBER 1
FOR THE OBJECTIVE:
TO PRODUCE SIGNIFICANT RESULTS

FROM R AND D EFFORTS

AARON D. , WHAT IS THE NEXT SUBDBJECTIVE? (USE NO MORE THAN TWO 80 CHARACTER LINES)? to sain sponsorship for funding the PLEASE CONTINUE? advanced development of r and d projects THE LAST SUBDBJECTIVE ENTERED IS: TO GAIN SPONSORSHIP FOR FUNDING THE

ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT OF R AND D PROJECT

WHICH IS SUBOBJECTIVE NUMBER 2 FOR THE OBJECTIVE: TO PRODUCE SIGNIFICANT RESULTS

FROM R AND D EFFORTS

AARON D. , WHAT IS THE MEXT SUBOBJECTIVE?
(USE NO MORE THAN TWO 80 CHARACTER LINES)
? to dealize significant
PLEASE CONTINUE
? results in minimum time
THE LAST SUBOBJECTIVE ENTERED IS:
TO REALIZE SIGNIFICANT

RESULTS IN MINIMUM TIME

WHICH IS SUBDBJECTIVE NUMBER 3
FOR THE OBJECTIVE:
TO PRODUCE SIGNIFICANT RESULTS

FROM R AND D EFFORTS

AARON D. , WHAT IS THE NEXT SUBOBJECTIVE?
(USE NO MORE THAN TWO 80 CHARACTER LINES)

TO PRODUCE SIGNIFICANT RESULTS FROM R AND D EFFORTS @ TO EXPAND TECHNOLOGY BASE, BUT NOT AT @@@@@@@@@ EXPENSE OF FOCUSED R AND D EFFORTS ø 666666666666666666666 2 ijijijijijijijijijijijijijijijijijijij @ TO GAIN SPONSORSHIP FOR FUNDING THE 19 @@@@@@@@@ ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT OF R AND D PROJECT® ıΒZ ijijijijijġġġġġġġġġġġġġġġġ -3 ())))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))) @ TO REALIZE SIGNIFICANT 13 @@@@@@@@@ RESULTS IN MINIMUM TIME

AARON D. > DO THE SUBOBJECTIVES ADDRESS ALL FACETS
OF THE PARENT OBJECTIVE? (Y/N)
?9

IS THERE ANY OVERLAP BETWEEN THE COVERAGES OF THE SUBOBJECTIVES, AARON D. ? (Y/N)

AARON D. , ARE ALL THE SUBOBJECTIVES OPERATIONALLY MEANINGFUL TO YOU? (Y/N)

COULD ANY OF THE SUBOBJECTIVES BE IGNORED WITHOUT SIGNIFICANTLY IMPACTING YOUR PREFERENCES, AARON D. ? (Y/N)?n

CURRENT NUMBER OF NODES: 6 (MAX 500)
CURRENT NUMBER OF LEVELS: 3 (MAX 20)
CURRENT NUMBER OF SYSTEMS: 5 (MAX 59)
ADDING DOWNLINKS TO NODE:
1 1 1
TO EXPAND TECHNOLOGY BASE, BUT NOT AT

EXPENSE OF FOCUSED R AND D EFFORTS

AARON D. , WHAT IS THE NEXT SUBDBJECTIVE? (USE NO MORE THAN TWO 80 CHARACTER LINES)? to start projects with high probability PLEASE CONTINUE? of success in meeting identified needs THE LAST SUBOBJECTIVE ENTERED IS: TO START PROJECTS WITH HIGH PROBABILITY

OF SUCCESS IN MEETING IDENTIFIED NEEDS

WHICH IS SUBOBJECTIVE NUMBER 1
FOR THE OBJECTIVE:
TO EXPAND TECHNOLOGY BASE, BUT NOT AT

EXPENSE OF FOCUSED R AND D EFFORTS

CURRENT NUMBER OF NODES: 8 (MAX 500)
CURRENT NUMBER OF LEVELS: 4 (MAX 20)
CURRENT NUMBER OF SYSTEMS: 5 (MAX 59)
ADDING DOWNLINKS TO NODE:
1 1 2
TO GAIN SPONSORSHIP FOR FUNDING THE

ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT OF R AND D PROJECT

AARON D. , WHAT IS THE NEXT SUBDBJECTIVE?

(USE NO MORE THAN TWO 80 CHARACTER LINES)

? to start projects with the sponsorship of major organizations willing to PLEASE CONTINUE

?commit development funds to successful r and d projects (number of sponsors)

THE LAST SUBOBJECTIVE ENTERED IS:

TO START PROJECTS WITH THE SPONSORSHIP

OF MAJOR ORGANIZATIONS WILLING TO

COMMIT DEVELOPMENT FUNDS TO SUCCESSFUL

WHICH IS SUBDBJECTIVE NUMBER 1
FOR THE OBJECTIVE:
TO GAIN SPONSORSHIP FOR FUNDING THE

R AND D PROJECTS (NUMBER OF SPONSORS)

ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT OF R AND D PROJECT

AARON D. , WHAT IS THE NEXT SUBOBJECTIVE?

CURRENT NUMBER OF NODES: 9 (MAX 500)
CURRENT NUMBER OF LEVELS: 4 (MAX 20)
CURRENT NUMBER OF SYSTEMS: 5 (MAX 59)
ADDING DOWNLINKS TO NODE:
1 1 2 1
TO START PROJECTS WITH THE SPONSORSHIP
OF MAJOR ORGANIZATIONS WILLING TO
COMMIT DEVELOPMENT FUNDS TO SUCCESSFUL
R AND D PROJECTS (NUMBER OF SPONSORS)

ADDING DOWNLINKS TO HODE: 1 1 3 TO REALIZE SIGNIFICANT

RESULTS IN MINIMUM TIME

AARON D. , WHAT IS THE NEXT SUBOBJECTIVE? (USE NO MORE THAN TWO 80 CHARACTER LINES) ? to stant n and d projects with

PLEASE CONTINUE

? minimum time to fruition

THE LAST SUBOBJECTIVE ENTERED IS:

TO START R AND D PROJECTS WITH

MINIMUM TIME TO FRUITION

WHICH IS SUBDBJECTIVE NUMBER 1
FOR THE DBJECTIVE:
TO REALIZE SIGNIFICANT

RESULTS IN MINIMUM TIME

AARON D. , PLEASE INPUT AN ATTRIBUTE FOR THE DATA HODE WITH THE OBJECTIVE:
TO START R AND D PROJECTS WITH AN ESTABLISHED TECHNOLOGY BASE WITH WHICH TO MEET IDENTIFIED NEEDS
(TECHNOLOGY BASE UNITS - TB UNITS)
(10 LETTERS OR LESS)
? to units

IS THE ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS SUCH THAT BY KNOWING ITS LEVEL, THE ATTAINMENT OF THE OBJECTIVE IS TOTALLY DETERMINED? (Y/M)

COULD THE ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS BE CHANGED SO AS TO IMPROVE COMMUNICATING WHAT IS IMPLIED IN THE OBJECTIVE? (YZN)

WILL THIS ATTRIBUTE BE PROBABILISTIC ? (YVN)

WHAT IS THE WORST ACCEPTABLE LEVEL (REAL NUMBER) OF TB UNITS ?0 THE LEVEL STORED WAS 0.

WHAT IS THE BEST (REALISTICALLY)
LEVEL (REAL NUMBER) OF TB UNITS , AARON D. ?
?10
THE LEVEL STORED WAS 10.

AARON D. , PLEASE INPUT AN ATTRIBUTE FOR THE DATA NODE WITH THE OBJECTIVE:
TO START PROJECTS WITH THE SPONSORSHIP OF MAJOR ORGANIZATIONS WILLING TO COMMIT DEVELOPMENT FUNDS TO SUCCESSFUL R AND D PROJECTS (NUMBER OF SPONSORS)
(10 LETTERS OR LESS)

IS THE ATTRIBUTE SPONSORS
SUCH THAT BY KNOWING ITS LEYEL,
THE ATTAINMENT OF THE OBJECTIVE
IS TOTALLY DETERMINED? (Y/N)

COULD THE ATTRIBUTE SPONSORS BE CHANGED SO AS TO IMPROVE . COMMUNICATING WHAT IS IMPLIED IN THE OBJECTIVE? (Y/N)

WILL THIS ATTRIBUTE BE PROBABILISTIC ? (Y/N)

?'9
WHAT IS THE WORST ACCEPTABLE
LEVEL (REAL NUMBER) OF SPONSORS

THE LEVEL STORED WAS 0.

7.0

WHAT IS THE BEST (REALISTICALLY)
LEVEL (REAL NUMBER) OF SPONSORS , AARON D. ?
?10
THE LEVEL STORED WAS 10.

AARON D. , PLEASE INPUT AN ATTRIBUTE FOR THE DATA HODE WITH THE OBJECTIVE:
TO START R AND D PROJECTS WITH

MINIMUM TIME TO FRUITION

(10 LETTERS OR LESS) Stime, years IS THE ATTRIBUTE TIME, YEARS SUCH THAT BY KNOWING ITS LEVEL, THE ATTAINMENT OF THE OBJECTIVE IS TOTALLY DETERMINED? (Y/N)

COULD THE ATTRIBUTE TIME: YEARS
BE CHANGED SO AS TO IMPROVE
COMMUNICATING WHAT IS IMPLIED
IN THE OBJECTIVE? (Y/N)
?n

WILL THIS ATTRIBUTE BE PROBABILISTIC ? (Y/N) ?9

WHAT IS THE WORST ACCEPTABLE LEYEL (RE NUMBER) OF TIME, YEARS

THE LEVEL STORED WAS 5.

WHAT IS THE BEST (REALISTICALLY)
LEVEL (REAL NUMBER) OF TIME, YEARS, AARON D. ?

THE LEVEL STORED WAS O.
TB UNITS SPONSORS TIME, YEARS

THE ABOVE IS THE CURRENT SET OF ATTRIBUTES, AARON D. .
IF YOU SEE ANY WHICH ARE REDUNDANT, OR
WHICH HAVE A DIRECT IMPACT ON ONE ANOTHER
(E.G. WEIGHT AND THRUST),
YOU SHOULD REFORM THE ATTRIBUTE SET TO
REMOVE THESE PROBLEMS.

DO YOU WISH TO REFORM THE ATTRIBUTE SET, AARON D. ? (YZN) ?n

DO YOU WISH TO BYPASS INDEPENDENCE TESTING?

AT WHAT TOLERANCE DO YOU WANT TO CHECK YOUR RESPONSEARON D. (PLUS OR MINUS X PERCENT)? X=710

WE ARE WORKING AT PLUS OR MINUS 10 PERCENT HARDN D. WHICH ATTRIBUTE DO YOU WISH TO EXPLORE THE UTILITY INDEPENDENCE OF

UTILITY INDEPENDENCE OF? (IF YOU WISH TO REVIEW THE ATTRIBUTES IN THE ORDER THEY WERE INPUT, ENTER 1000, OTHERWISE ENTER THE ATTRIBUTE NUMBER NOW.) 1000

ATTRIBUTE NUMBER

TB UNITS

SPONSORS 2

TIME, YEARS 3
AARON D. WHICH ATTRIBUTE DO YOU WISH TO EXPLORE THE UTILITY INDEPEND

UTILITY INDEPENDENCE OF? (IF YOU WISH TO REVIEW THE ATTRIBUTES IN THE ORDER THEY WERE INPUT; ENTER 1000; OTHERWISE ENTER THE ATTRIBUTE NUMBER NOW.)1

SUPPOSE THAT THE FOLLOWING ATTRIBUTES ARE AT THESE LEVELS: TIME, YEARS = 1.25 THAT IS AT THE 25 PERCENT LEVEL

NOW SUPPOSE THAT YOU HAVE THE INITIAL CONDITIONS: TB UNITS =5. AND SPONSORS =5.

IMAGINE THAT SPONSORS IS CHANGED TO 2.
WHAT LEVEL OF TB UNITS WOULD KEEP YOU AS SATISFIED
AS YOU WERE UNDER THE INITIAL CONDITIONS?
(REMEMBER THAT ALL OTHER ATTRIBUTES ARE AT
THE 25 PERCENT LEVEL)
?8

SUPPOSE THAT YOU ARE STARTING AT TB UNITS =5. AND SPONSORS =5.

IMAGINE T

IMAGINE THAT 8. IN SPONSORS IS ACHIEVED. TO WHAT LEVEL WOULD YOU CHAN

TO WHAT LEVEL WOULD YOU CHANGE TO UNITS IN ORDER TO REMAIN AS SATISFIED AS YOU WERE INITIALLY?

(REMEMBER THAT ALL OTHER ATTRIBUTES ARE AT THE 25 PERCENT LEVEL)

AARON D. , SUPPOSE NOW THAT THE FOLLOWING ATTRIBUTES ARE SHIFTED

ARE SHIFTED TO THESE LEVELS: TIME, YEARS=3.75 THAT IS AT THE 75 PERCENT LEVEL

SUPPOSE THAT YOU HAVE
TB UNITS =5. AND SPONSORS =5.

IMAGINE THAT THE LEVEL OF SPONSORS
IS CHANGED TO 2..
WOULD THE LEVEL OF TB UNITS NEEDED TO REMAIN
AS SATISFIED AS AT THE INITIAL CONDITIONS.
LIE BETWEEN 8.5 AND 7.5
(Y/N) ?9

SUPPOSE THAT YOU HAVE THE INITAL CONDITIONS: TB UNITS =5. AND SPONSORS =5.

IMAGINE THAT YOU MUST ACCEPT

A LEVEL OF 8. IN SPONSORS
WOULD THE LEVEL OF TB UNITS
THAT YOU WOULD MAVE TO MOVE TO (IN ORDER TO BE AS
SATISFIED AS UNDER THE INITAL CONDITIONS) LIE
BETWEEN 3.5 AND 2.5
(Y/N) ?9

THERE ARE NO INDEPENDENCE PROBLEMS WITH THE ATTRIBUTES TESTED SO FAR, DO YOU WISH TO ASSUME MPI FOR THE REMAINING ATTRIBUTES? (Y/N)

EVEN IF YOU DO NOT WISH TO ASSUME MPI AMOUNG THE ATTRIBUTES.
DO YOU WANT TO STOP MUI TESTING? (Y/N).

?n

SUPPOSE THAT THE FOLLOWING ATTRIBUTES ARE AT THESE LEVELS: SPONSORS = 2.5 THAT IS AT THE 25 PERCENT LEVEL

NOW SUPPOSE THAT YOU HAVE THE INITIAL CONDITIONS: TB UNITS =5. AND TIME, YEARS=2.5

IMAGINE THAT TIME, YEARS IS CHANGED TO 1.
MHAT LEVEL OF TB UNITS WOULD KEEP YOU AS SATISFIED AS YOU WERE UNDER THE INITIAL CONDITIONS?
(PEMEMBER THAT ALL OTHER ATTRIBUTES APE AT THE 25 PERCENT LEVEL)
?2

SUPPOSE THAT YOU ARE STARTING AT TB UNITS =5. AND TIME, YEARS=2.5

IMAGINE THAT 4. IN TIME.YEARS IS ACHIEVED.
TO WHAT LEVEL WOULD YOU CHANGE TO UNITS IN ORDER TO
REMAIN AS SATISFIED AS YOU WERE INITIALLY?
(REMEMBER THAT ALL OTHER ATTRIBUTES ARE AT THE
25 PERCENT LEVEL)

78

AARON D. , SUPPOSE NOW THAT THE FOLLOWING ATTRIBUTES ARE SHIFTED TO THESE LEVELS: SPONSORS =7.5
THAT IS AT THE 75 PERCENT LEVEL

SUPPOSE THAT YOU HAVE
TB UNITS =5. AND TIME, YEARS=2.5

IMAGINE THAT THE LEVEL OF TIME, YEARS
IS CHANGED TO 1..
WOULD THE LEVEL OF TO UNITS MEEDED TO REMAIN
AS SATISFIED AS AT THE INITIAL CONDITIONS
LIE BETWEEN 2.5 AND 1.5
(Y/N) ?9

SUPPOSE THAT YOU HAVE THE INITAL CONDITIONS: TB UNITS =5. AND TIME, YEARS=2.5

IMAGINE THAT YOU MUST ACCEPT
A LEVEL OF 4. IN TIME, YEARS
WOULD THE LEVEL OF TO UNITS
THAT YOU WOULD HAVE TO MOVE TO (IN ORDER TO BE AS
SATISFIED AS UNDER THE INITAL CONDITIONS) LIE
BETWEEN 8.5 AND 7.5
(YZN) ?9

THERE ARE NO INDEPENDENCE PROBLEMS WITH THE ATTRIBUTES TESTED SO FAR. DO YOU WISH TO ASSUME MPI FOR THE REMAINING ATTRIBUTES? (Y/N)

?n__

EVEN IF YOU DO NOT WISH TO ASSUME MPI AMOUNG THE ATTRIBUTES.
DO YOU WANT TO STOP MUI TESTIN

DO YOU WANT TO STOP MUI TESTING? (Y/N).

?n SINCE TB UNITS IS PAIRWISE PREFERENTIALLY INDEPENDENT OF THE OTHER ATTRIBUTES, ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS WILL NOW BE TESTED FOR UTILITY INDEPENDENCE.

WITH THE OTHER ATTRIBUTES EXCEPT TB UNITS SET AS THE FOLLOWING LEVELS

SPONSORS = 2.5TIME, YEARS = 1.25

NOW WHAT VALUE OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS WITH CERTAINTY WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY OF A 50-50 CHAN

WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY OF A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER 10. UNITS OR 0. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS

73

NOW WHAT VALUE OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS WITH CERTAINTY WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY OF A 50-50 C

WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY OF A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER 10. UNITS OR 3. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS

?6

HOW WHAT VALUE OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS WITH CERTAINTY WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY OF A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER 3. UNITS OR 0. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS

?1._

AARON D. , SUPPOSE NOW THAT THE FOLLOWING ATTRIBUTES ARE SHIFTED TO THESE LEVELS:

SPONSORS =7.5 TIME, YEARS=3.75 THAT IS AT THE 75 PERCENT LEVEL

NOW FOR THE LOTTERY OF A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER 10. UNITS OF 0. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A VALUE OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS WITH CERTAINTY BETWEEN 3.5 UNITS AND 2.5 UNITS, (Y/N)?

NOW FOR THE LOTTERY OF A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER 10. UNITS OR 3. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A VALUE OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS WITH CERTAINTY BETWEEN 6.5 UNITS AND 5.5 UNITS. (Y/N)4

NOW FOR THE LOTTERY OF A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER 3. UNITS OR 0. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS WITH CERTAINTY BETWEEN 1.5 UNITS AND .5 UNITS. (Y/N)4 ONLY "Y" OR "N" IS ALLOWED, AARON D.

NOW FOR THE LOTTERY OF A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER 3. UNITS OR 0. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS WITH CERTAINTY BETWEEN 1.5 UNITS AND .5 UNITS. (Y/N)4
ONLY "Y" OR "N" IS ALLOWED, AARON D.

NOW FOR THE LOTTERY OF A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER 3. UNITS OR 0. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS WITH CERTAINTY BETWEEN 1.5 UNITS AND .5 UNITS. (Y/N)4

THE ATTRIBUTES ARE UTILITY INDEPENDENT

THE UTILITY FUNCTIONS FOR EACH ATTRIBUTE WILL NOW BE DETERMINED

THE UTILITY FUNCTIONS FOR EACH ATTRIBUTE WILL NOW BE DETERMINED

NOW WHAT LEVEL OF ATTRIBUTE TO UNITS WITH CERTAINTY WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY WITH A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER 10. UNITS OR 0. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE TO UNITS 73

NOW WHAT LEVEL OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS WITH CERTAINTY WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY WITH A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER 3. UNITS OR 0. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS ?1.5

NOW WHAT LEVEL OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS WITH CERTAINTY WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY WITH A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER 3. UNITS OR 10. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS ?6

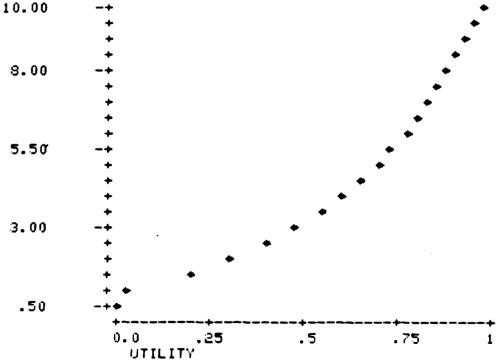
THE ABOVE YIELDS A UTILITY FUNCTION FOR TB UNITS WITH PARAMETERS:

BO=.0360853789916 B1=.4143262372915

SUM OF SQUARED ERROR=.00439475958282

(LOGARITHMIC FORM)

UTILITY=B0+B1+LN(ATTRIBUTE LEVEL)



UTILITY FUNCTION FOR TB UNITS

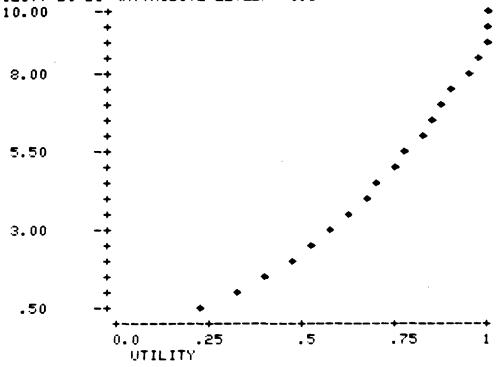
DOES THE ABOVE REPRESENTATION APPEAR REASONABLE? (YZN)

NOW WHAT LEVEL OF ATTRIBUTE SPONSORS
WITH CERTAINTY WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY
WITH A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER
10. UNITS OR 0. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE SPONSORS
?2

NOW WHAT LEVEL OF ATTRIBUTE SPONSORS
WITH CERTAINTY WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY
WITH A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER
2. UNITS OR 0. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE SPONSORS
?1

NOW WHAT LEVEL OF ATTRIBUTE SPONSORS
WITH CERTAINTY WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY
WITH A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER
2. UNITS OR 10. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE SPONSORS
?3

THE ABOVE YIELDS A UTILITY FUNCTION FOR SPONSORS WITH PARAMETERS:
B0=.01501703492854 B1=.3317918697555
SUM OF SQUARED ERROR=.03966886467344
(SQUARE-ROOT FORM)
UTILITY=B0+B1+(ATTRIBUTE LEVEL)++0.5



UTILITY FUNCTION FOR SPONSORS

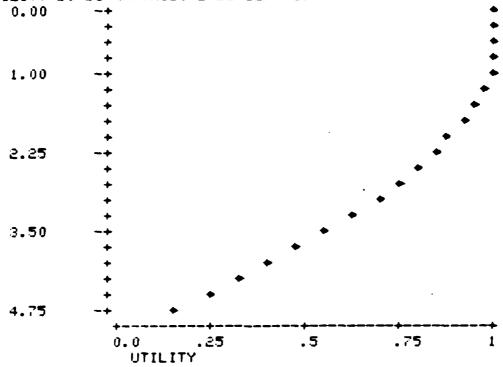
DOES THE ABOVE REPRESENTATION APPEAR REASONABLE? (YZN)

NOW WHAT LEVEL OF ATTRIBUTE TIME, YEARS WITH CERTAINTY WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY WITH A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER 0. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE TIME, YEARS ?4

NOW WHAT LEVEL OF ATTRIBUTE TIME, YEARS WITH CERTAINTY WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY WITH A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER 4. UNITS OR 5. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE TIME, YEARS ?4.5

NOW WHAT LEVEL OF ATTRIBUTE TIME, YEARS WITH CERTAINTY WOULD YOU TRADE FOR A LOTTERY WITH A 50-50 CHANCE OF RECEIVING EITHER 4. UNITS OR 0. UNITS OF ATTRIBUTE TIME, YEARS ?3

THE ABOVE YIELDS A UTILITY FUNCTION FOR TIME, YEARS WITH PARAMETERS:
B0=1.058734255292 B1=-.0397675626542
SUM OF SQUARED ERROR=.01605919685755
(SQUARED FORM)
UTILITY=B0+B1+(ATTRIBUTE LEVEL)++2.0



UTILITY FUNCTION FOR TIME, YEARS

DOES THE ABOVE REPRESENTATION APPEAR REASONABLE? (Y/N)

YOU MAY NOW ENTER WEIGHTS, VALUES, OR (RE)CALCULATE
THE TREE. CHOOSE YOUR OPTION:
W(EIGHT V(ALUES C(ALCULATE E(XIT

DATA FOR

PROJECT S

20

VALUES : A (LL SKELECT ?a

WE ARE AT THE DATA NODE:
TO START R AND D PROJECTS WITH AN
ESTABLISHED TECHNOLOGY BASE WITH WHICH
TO MEET IDENTIFIED NEEDS
(TECHNOLOGY BASE UNITS - TB UNITS)
WHICH HAS THE ASSOCIATED ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS

THE CURRENT SPIKE PROBABILITY (SEE USER'S MANUAL) FOR TB UNITS AT A LEVEL OF 1. IS 0.

WHAT IS THE NEW SPIKE PROBABILITY

THE CURRENT SPIKE PROBABILITY (SEE USER'S MANUAL) FOR TB UNITS AT A LEVEL OF 2. IS 0.

WHAT IS THE NEW SPIKE PROBABILITY ?0

THE CURRENT SPIKE PROBABILITY (SEE USER'S MANUAL) FOR TB UNITS AT A LEVEL OF 3. IS 0.

WHAT IS THE NEW SPIKE PROBABILITY ?.25

THE CURRENT SPIKE PROBABILITY (SEE USER'S MANUAL) FOR TB UNITS AT A LEVEL OF 4. IS 0.

WHAT IS THE NEW SPIKE PROBABILITY 7.5

THE CURRENT SPIKE PROBABILITY (SEE USER'S MANUAL) FOR TB UNITS AT A LEVEL OF 5. IS 0.

WHAT IS THE NEW SPIKE PROBABILITY ?.25

THE CURRENT SPIKE PROBABILITY (SEE USER'S MANUAL) FOR TB UNITS AT A LEVEL OF 6. IS 0.

WHAT IS THE NEW SPIKE PREBABILITY

THE CURRENT SPIKE PROBABILITY (SEE USER'S MANUAL) FOR TB UNITS AT A LEVEL OF 7. IS 0.

WHAT IS THE NEW SPIKE PROBABILITY ?0

THE CURRENT SPIKE PROBABILITY (SEE USER'S MANUAL) FOR TB UNITS AT A LEVEL OF 8. IS 0.

WHAT IS THE NEW SPIKE PROBABILITY ?0

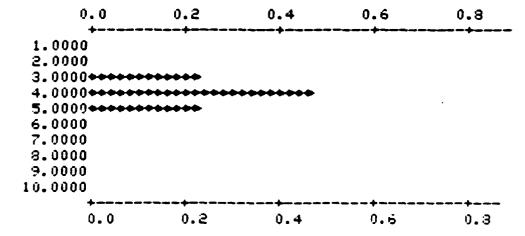
THE CURRENT SPIKE PROBABILITY (SEE USER'S MANUAL) FOR TB UNITS AT A LEVEL OF 9. IS 0.

WHAT IS THE NEW SPIKE PROBABILITY ?0

THE CURRENT SPIKE PROBABILITY (SEE USER'S MANUAL) FOR TB UNITS AT A LEVEL OF 10. IS 0.

WHAT IS THE NEW SPIKE PROBABILITY

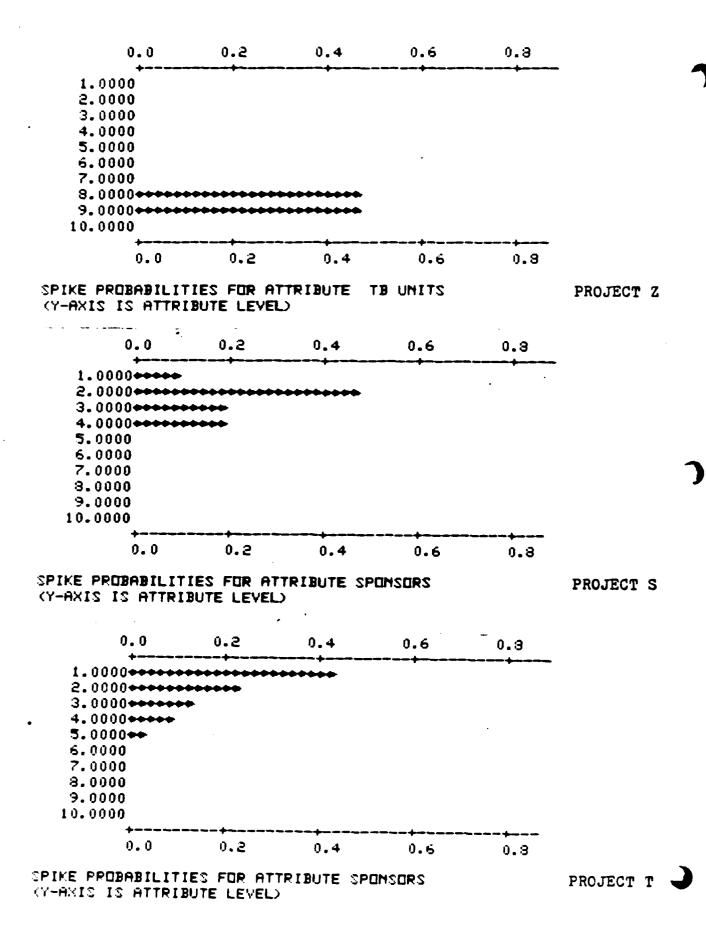
THE SPIKE PROBABILITIES RESULT IN THE FOLLOWING PLOT:

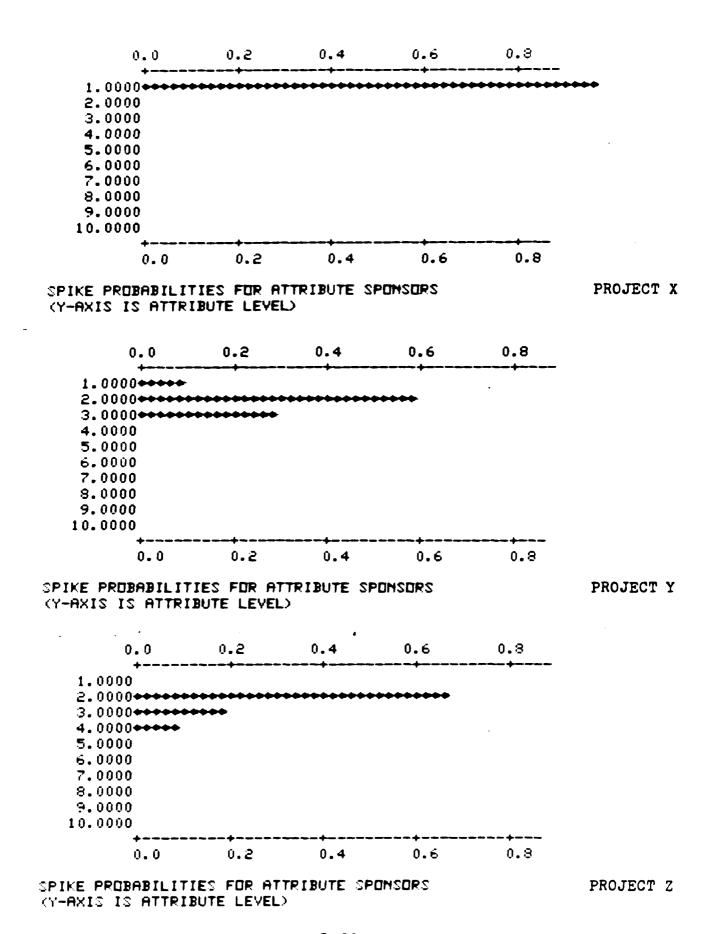


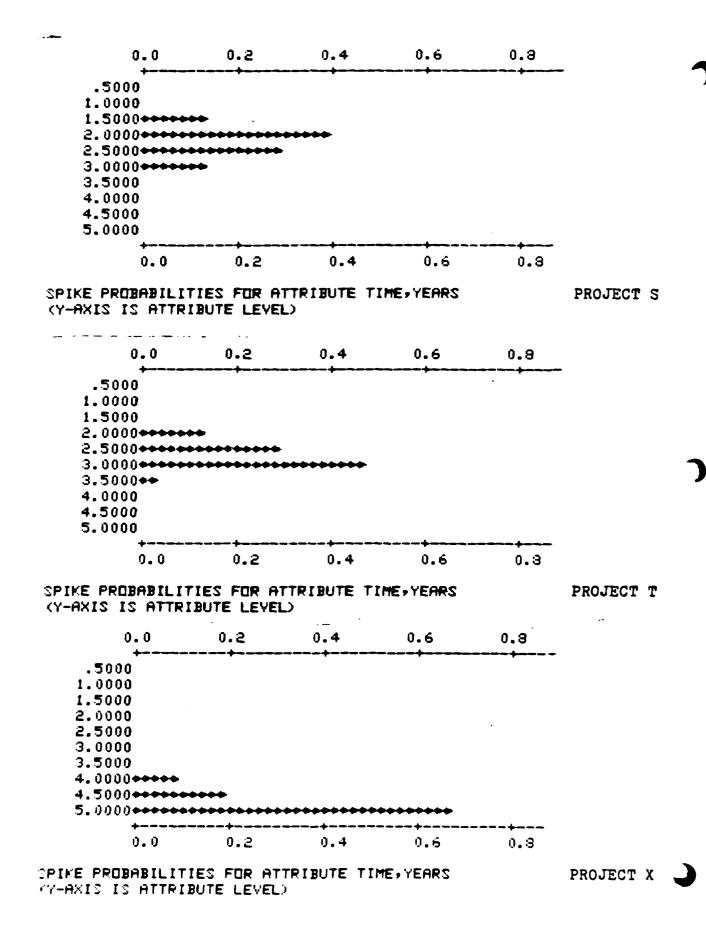
SPIKE PROBABILITIES FOR ATTRIBUTE TB UNITS (Y-AXIS IS ATTRIBUTE LEVEL)

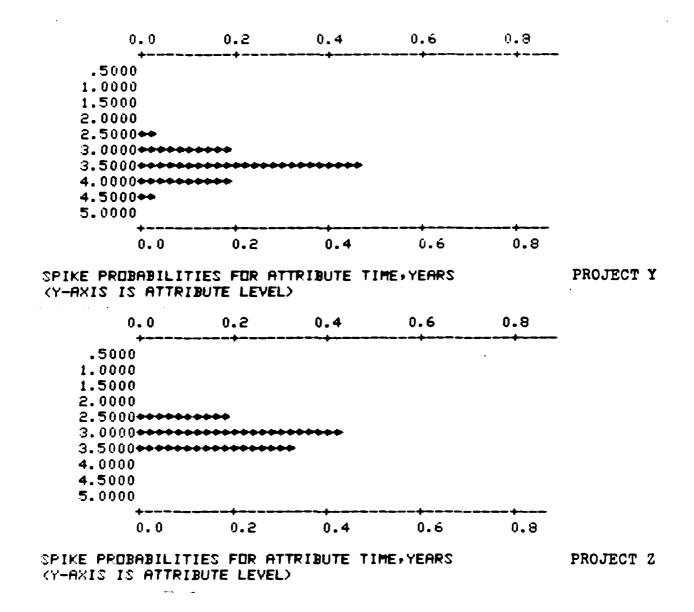
PROJECT S

	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	
	1.0000 2.0000 3.0000			,	•	
•	4.0000 5.0000 6.0000 **** 7.0000 ****	•••				
	8.0000	******	****			
	9. 00 0 0 000000					
	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	
	SPIKĘ PROBABILII (Y-AXIS IS ATTR)			ZTINU ET		PROJECT
	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	
6	2.0000 3.0000 4.0000 5.0000 6.0000 7.0000 8.0000 9.0000 10.0000					
	0.0 SPIKE PROBABILIT (Y~AXIS IS ATTRI			0.6 STINU E	0.8	PROJECT
	•					
	0.0	0.2 +	0.4 	0.6	0.8	
	1.0000 2.0000 3.0000					
	4.0000 ***** 5.0000 *****		**** *******	***		
	6.0000 7.0000 8.0000					
	9.0000 10.0000					
1	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	
	SPIKE PROBABILITI (Y-AXIS IS ATTRII			B UNITS		PROJECT









PROJECT DATA ENTERED

YOU MAY NOW ENTER WEIGHTS, VALUES, OR (RE)CALCULATE THE TREE. CHOOSE YOUR OPTION:
W(EIGHT V(ALUES C(ALCULATE E(XI)

?w

WE ARE WEIGHTING THE NODE SET: TO EXPAND TECHNOLOGY BASE, BUT NOT AT

EXPENSE OF FOCUSED R AND D EFFORTS

THE ABOVE OBJECTIVE IS FACTOR 1 TO GAIN SPONSORSHIP FOR FUNDING THE

ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT OF R AND D PROJECT

THE ABOVE OBJECTIVE IS FACTOR 2 TO REALIZE SIGNIFICANT

RESULTS IN MINIMUM TIME

THE ABOVE DBJECTIVE IS FACTOR 3

DO YOU WISH TO ENTER THE RELATIVE WEIGHTS DIRECTLY, CM/Y) ENTER THE (UNNORMALIZED) WEIGHTS.

WHAT IS THE WEIGHT FOR FACTOR 1

WHAT IS THE WEIGHT FOR FACTOR 2

WHAT IS THE WEIGHT FOR FACTOR 3

NORMALIZED:20 50 30

ARE YOU HAPPY WITH THESE RELATIVE WEIGHTS? (Y/N)

ENTER COMMENTS ON THESE WEIGHTS ?ok

YOU MAY NOW ENTER WEIGHTS, VALUES, OR (RE) CALCULATE THE TREE. CHOOSE YOUR OPTION: C (ALCULATE _ XIT V (ALUES WEIGHT

INTERIOR TREE VALUES ARE BEING CALCULATED ...

HOW MUCH DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW...

A(LL S(ELECT)
?a

IF ANY MODIFICATIONS HAVE BEEN MADE TO THE TREE SINCE IT HAS BEEN CALCULATED , NUMERICAL VALUES WILL BE INCORRECT.

(PRESS ANY LETTER TO CONTINUE)
?r

REVIEW
PESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
FUNDS ALLOCATION PROJECT SELECTION

NODE REFERENCE NUMBER (AND OBJECTIVE):
1
TO PROVIDE FOR SUCCESSFUL

R AND D EFFORTS

RELATIVE WEIGHT: 1. CUMULATIVE WEIGHT: 1.

SYSTEM VALUES:
PROJECT S PROJECT T PROJECT X PROJECT Y
64.20 64.68 27.15 53.74
PROJECT Z
65.01

OK
(PRESS ANY LETTER TO CONTINUE (EXCEPT "E"))
(PRESS "E" TO EXIT)
?r

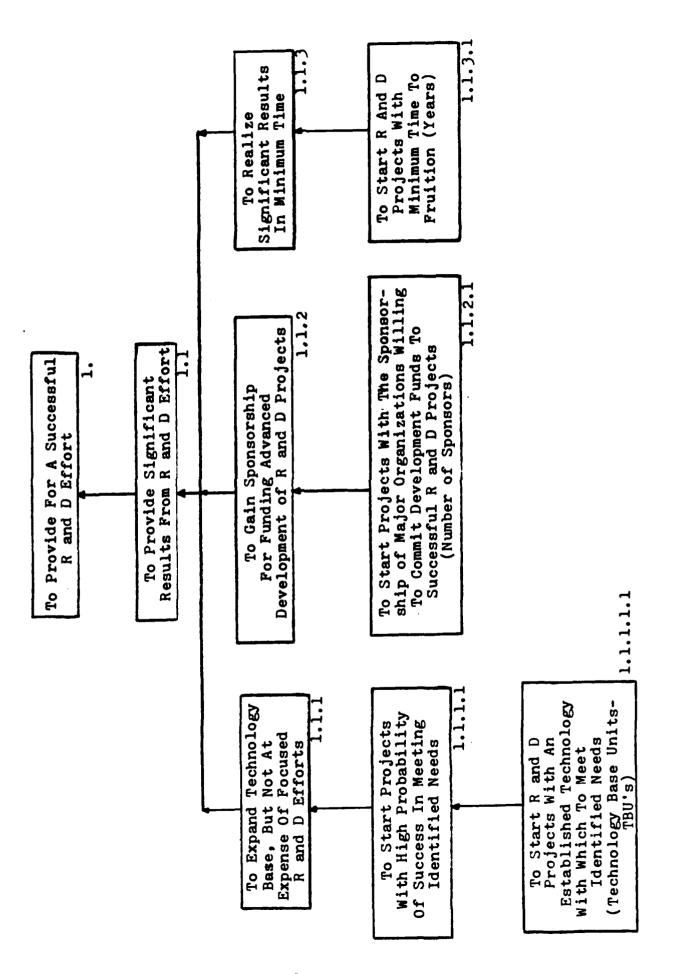
Appendix C Technology Base Units

The following scale was used to nate projects on the attribute reflecting technical foundation of a research area.

Characteristic	Technology	Base 0-10	Scale
Research Base Fully Developed Adequate Data To Go Into Production	9		
Research Base Developing With Foundati For Further Development, Growing Data For Specific Technology			
Research Base Partially Developed, Some Data Available On Specific Technology	5		
Research Base Undeveloped. Data Available But Only From Related Areas	3		
Research Base Undeveloped, Technology Area New, No Data	1		

Appendix D - Objectives Hierarchy - R and D Funds Allocation

ASSEST TO SECURITION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR



REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE									
1a. REPORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION				1b. RESTRICTIVE MARKINGS					
	assified		THORITY		3. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY OF REPORT				
Za SECURI	TY CLASSIFI	CATION AU	IHURIT		Approved fo				
26. DECLAS	SIFICATION	DOWNGRA	DING SCHEE	ULE	distributio				
4. PERFORI	MING ORGAN	IZATION R	EPORT NUM	BER(S)	5. MONITORING OF	IGANIZATION A	EPORT NU	MBER(S)	
AU-AF	IT-EN-TR	-83-3	_						
64 NAME OF PERFORMING ORGANIZATION School of Engineering			6b. OFFICE SYMBOL (If applicable) AFIT/ENY	7& NAME OF MONITORING ORGANIZATION					
6c. ADDRESS (City, State and ZIP Code) Air Force Institute of Technology Wright-Patterson AFB, OH 45433				7b. ADDRESS (City, State and ZIP Code)					
8a. NAME OF FUNDING/SPONSORING ORGANIZATION			8b. OFFICE SYMBOL (If applicable)	9. PROCUREMENT INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER					
8c. ADDRES	SS (City, State	and ZIP Cod	ie)	<u></u>	10. SOURCE OF FUI	NDING NOS.			
			· - ;		PROGRAM ELEMENT NO.	PROJECT NO.	TAS		WORK UNIT
11. TITLE	Include Securi	ty Classificat	ion) The Ex	tended Multi-	1			ĺ	
Attrib	ute Deci	sion Ana	alvsis Mo	del					
	AL AUTHOR								
HATON 13a TYPE C	R. DeWis	perare	13b. TIME C	OVERED	14. DATE OF REPO	RT (Yr. Mo., Day)	15.	PAGE CO	UNT
Technic	al Repor	t	FROM	то	August 1983 67				
16. SUPPLE	MENTARY N	OTATION			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
17: 4	COSATI	CODES		18. SUBJECT TERMS (C	ontinue on reverse if ne	cemary and identi	fy by black	numberi	
FIELD	GROUP		3. GR.	Decision Makin	Continue on reverse if necessary and identify by block number) ng, Statistical Analysis, Decision Theory,				
				Computer Appl:	ication, Proje	ect Assessm	ent.		
19. ABSTRA	CT (Continue	on reverse i	necessary and	identify by block number	•)				
This research is an on-going effort to produce an interactive, computer-based aid suit-									
able for use in decision situations and long-term planning. The current research involves									
the development of extensions to the applicability of a decision aid embodied in the computer program MADAM: Multi-Attribute Decision Analysis Model. The theoretical underpin-									
nings of MADAM involve portions of multi-attribute utility theory. This interactive pro-									
gram is designed to aid the decision-maker in all phases of decision analysis from problem									
formulation to sensitivity analysis. The program is a tool designed to be used by a									
decision-maker in order to facilitate making rational and consistent trade-offs and sub-									
decisions throughout the entire decision-making process. The stages of the decision analy-									
sis covered by the program include formation of an objectives hierarchy, elicitation of an appropriate set of attributes, examining the relationship between the attributes, establish-									
ing criterion weights, evaluating candidate solutions, and performing several types of									
sensitivity analysis.									
20. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY OF ABSTRACT 21.					21. ABSTRACT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION				
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Item 19. (Cont'd)

The significant changes in the model involve the stages of examining the relationship between the attributes and of incorporating probabilistic data and utility concepts. In the previous version of MADAM, the program guides the decision-maker in determining whether or not the condition of mutual preferential independence is met. This determination is important because the previous version of the program is designed to handle the case of deterministics attributes (measurable value analysis) where an additive value function is the appropriate overall value function. The extension allow MADAM to be utilized for the case of probabilistic attributes (utility analysis). The extended program aids the decision-maker in conducting lottery trade-offs so that independence conditions necessary to use an additive utility function can be ascertained. The utility analysis parallels the former value analysis in structure. MADAM maintains all previous capabilities for sensitivity analysis as well as the new utility analysis capabilities.

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